# Community Based Organizations (CBOs): Landscape, Capacity Assessment and Strengthening Strategy

Study Report Prepared for PLAN Nepal Lalitpur, Nepal July, 2005

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This study report aims to present a comprehensive picture of CBOs in terms of their number, functions, and capacities based on intensive field studies in more than 120 VDC of Nepal where Plan Nepal has been working. Based on the study finding the report also suggests possible ways to strengthen CBOs as a part of effort to democratize civil society at grassroots. The findings, interpretations and conclusions expressed in the report are entirely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the view of the Plan Nepal.

The Study Team July, 2005

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#### ABBREVIATIONS

CBO Community Based Organization

CD Country Director

CCCD Child Centered Community Development

CFUG Community Forestry Users Group
DDC District Development Committee

DC District Coordinator

ECD Early Childhood Development

INGO International Non-governmental Organization

NGO Non-governmental Organization

PA Program Accountant

PME Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation

PMU Program Management Unit

PRA Participatory Rural Development

PU Program Unit PV Program Volunteer

RCA Risk and Control Assessment TOT Training of the Trainers

UG Users Group

VDC Village Development Committee

# **Chapter One**

# Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

Plan Nepal currently implements about 30 percent of its programs through Community Based Organizations (CBO) in six districts. According to a Plan records, there are 498 CBOs spread across 120 VDCs through which Plan Nepal channelizes its funds every year for community development and other child related programs. The CBOs are considered as one of the most important partners at grassroots levels for planning, implementing and evaluating programs. The role of CBOs constitute central in relation to Plan Nepal's four pillars of Child Centered Community Development (CCCD) viz. networking and partnership, child centered programs, participatory process and strengthening group and organizations at local levels. In recent years, CBOs are also regarded to be essential institutions at grassroots to sustain development activities, attain inclusion of the marginalized section of the society and to democratize civil society at the grassroots.

During early 2004, Risk and Control Assessment (RCA) conducted by International Audit Department within the Plan International identified existing gaps and recommended for a systematic approach for CBOs capacity strengthening. The assessment indicated that current input for CBOs capacity enhancement is limited to training on financial accounting. Such training too was provided as tool for meeting corporate requirements of financial procedure than to actually strengthen the CBOs. The assessment indicated that there is a general lack of systematic approach to realize the principles of the organization to work with CBOs. The lack of systematic approach to CBOs meant its well-intended principles are limited to articulation in paper than translation in practice. Enhanced level of input and support from Plan Nepal, thus was viewed as essential part to enable CBOs for effectively managing, training and evaluating CBOs in line with the strategic principles and goals of the Plan Nepal.

An exercise to take stock of present scenario of CBOs at grassroots and their nature and extent of involvement and effectiveness was also deemed necessary in the changing context evolved during last decades. The fact that the number of CBOs and grassroots groups has increased dramatically through both governmental and non-governmental initiatives has significantly altered the situation compared to the circumstances when Plan Nepal embarked upon its work in Nepal. Within Plan Nepal too, the understanding and practices with regard to CBOs have undergone a several stages of development during last two and half decades.

With above background, a preliminary exercise for designing CBO capacity assessment and strengthening was conducted through field visits, and discussion with CBO members, NGOs and Plan Staff members including Country Director during May 2004. This preliminary assessment was largely an offshoot of a training evaluation exercise conducted by SAGUN during 2003. The CBO assessment exercise not only confirmed the recommendations of RCA but also identified number of other related areas that should be taken into consideration while systematizing CBO capacity assessment and strengthening work.

### 1.2 Objectives and Methodology

The primary objective of the CBO landscape and capacity assessment was to build an understanding of the present status of CBOs at the grassroots in terms of its geographic and functional distribution, community representative-ness and to identify areas of capacity enhancement needs. Specific objective include:

- o built an inventory of all community based organizations in the area including those who have not worked in partnership with Plan;
- o examine representation of different caste/ethnic groups and gender in order to ensure social inclusion and community representative-ness at CBO levels;
- o assess current capacity and future need for CBO strengthening and enabling them to plan and implement the programs by the community themselves in a sustainable ways in future; and,
- Suggest a long-term CBO capacity development plan.

The study involved combination of methods. Beginning from review of Plan documents, consultation with other agencies and relevant literature on CBOs, the study team designed the assessment procedure in consultation with Plan staff members. The procedure involved a survey to find out a total landscape of CBOs, questionnaire interview to sample CBOs to assess their current status of representation, capacity and future needs. Both CBOs, partner and non-partner of Plan were included in compiling inventory. Out of total 744 CBOs inventoried, about one third was sampled for a detailed survey in order to collect related quantitative and qualitative information required for in depth analysis of capacity status.

Methodologically, active involvement of CBO members, Plan field staff and Training Coordinator made the study participatory and effective. The methodological focus was directed towards enabling the involved people for self-reflection and improvement. Staff members from each PU including Program Accountant (PA) and Development Coordinators (DC), and Paid Volunteers (PVs) were invited to facilitate for questionnaire survey and information collection from CBOs in their respective working areas. The PAs, DCs and PVs as frontline facilitators were provided with necessary orientation for the study including onsite supervision by the researchers from SAGUN. Involvement of Plan staff as frontline facilitators who managed to complete the inventory form and questionnaire to the larger possible extent, also served the purpose of self assessment in their work with their respective CBOs. The exercise also could help enable them to reflect upon to learn from the previous experiences, as well as incorporate their learning in suggesting future course of action.

The study team conducted semi-structured interviews and focus group discussions for qualitative analysis of CBO functioning to supplement quantitative data. More importantly, as meaningful CBO capacity assessment cannot be carried out in isolation of broader context of work, the study began by analyzing the Plan Nepal's policy environment within which they operate. Combination of analysis that includes CBO landscape and capacity within the context of Plan Nepal's policy and practices provides foundation for suggesting a priority action for capacity development plan for the future.

## 1.3 Organization and limitation of the study

This study report is divided into five major chapters. First chapter introduces the background, objectives and methodology of the study. Second chapter is devoted to Plan Nepal's approach to CBO. Third chapter present the landscape of CBOs, basically this section presents all the primary data collected through inventory and the fourth chapter discuss in detail the capacity status of the CBOs based on the findings of the survey. Fifth chapter deals with the capacity strengthening needs of the CBOs in the working areas and the concluding chapter presents the summary of major learning and priority actions suggested. Annexes provide the entire statistical table generated from inventory and survey, including the questionnaire used.

The study was carried out in a time span of about nine months. It took longer time than was originally planned mainly due to unavailability of the time of Plan staff to work as frontline facilitators in the CBO capacity assessment. As a part of design was to involve respective PUs in the total process of inventor zing and surveying with aide from external researchers, it demanded their additional time from regular responsibilities. Despite their sincere efforts, it was not possible to accomplish them in expected time. Although this eventually delayed the process, a regular sharing of the findings is thought to have helped Plan management to understand the existing situation and in turn to incorporate them into their periodic plans.

The scope of exercise also widen with each of the consultation and sharing meeting with the Plan management team. Despite the fact that it caused delay in time, collective process of search embodied in these sharing made the task much stimulating and meaningful. It was, nevertheless, difficult but provoking exercise to widen the scope of study by taking into board emerging new themes without additional resources.

Finally, the field context of violent political conflict that made mobility and meetings required for the study considerably hard poses certain limitation to the study. While the study was able to inventorize more than seven hundred CBOs, all the groups could not be included in the list for several reasons. Similarly the study team has to avoid the VDCs where conflict situation is much sensitive to be able to carry the task. Despite this, the number of CBOs that came in the inventory and sample chosen for the survey represents adequate number for meaningful conclusion and learning.

# Chapter Two

Plan Nepal's Policy and Approaches to CBOs

# 2.1 CBOs in evolution of Plan Nepal

Plan Nepal, which claims to be a humanitarian, child-focused development organization without religious, political or governmental affiliation, started its program in Nepal since 1978. Primary objective of Plan Nepal was to uplift the situation of children and women from the deprived and marginalized socio-economic groups. Since then the basic objective has remained similar but the approaches have shifted over time to address the problems in a better way and to ensure the sustained impacts. This is also true to its approach towards

working with CBOs. The major shift in the approaches can be illustrated roughly in a chronological order for the analytical purpose as following:

# 1980's: Construction Committees as CBO Proto-type

Plan International, primarily as organization based on child sponsorship and accountable to the individual sponsors initially was focused on helping individual child through direct provisions of support in child welfare. The direct support, however, was not adequate to contribute to overall wellbeing of children without building community structures essential for child education and health. Community infrastructures such as roads, drinking water, school and child-care facilities, and so forth were dire needs that not only child needed but community as a whole required.

It is in the process of construction of these community infrastructures that first proto-type of CBOs emerged in Plan's history. They were not called CBOs then as the term only appeared in the developmental lexicon only during late 1990s. In Plan's terms in use at that time, they were referred to as Construction Committees. These committees were composed of members who were relatively better off of the society who could take initiatives to mobilize the people for necessary labor contribution for the task in hand. Plan channelized funds through these committees within its financial policy procedures.

Most of these construction committees lived until the construction project continued. Some might have converted themselves into users group for later maintenance and renovation of community facilities but such cases were rare. The linkages with Plan in terms of partnering lasted upto the completion of particular construction work.

### Early 1990's: Groups by Sponsor Families

The construction committees of 1980s were not necessarily composed of members who belonged to the sponsored families. The selection of a child for sponsorship done by the Plan staff was designed not necessarily to include entire households of the given area. This created a tension in the Plan's operation in the field in terms of need for supporting community as whole versus maintaining greater accountability and services to those families with sponsor child. The realization of such a need for ensuring inclusion of sponsor families in the committees resulted in a Plan policy to foster groups of Sponsor families. Through this policy which came into operation during early 1990s in Plan, the field workers helped the sponsor families to organize themselves into groups. A number of groups emerged out of this process brought the parents of sponsored child into various CBO like groups. It was an important achievement in bringing the poor sponsored families in the programs through these groups. Nevertheless, the groups could not function effectively as expected and mostly captured by local elites. Nor were these groups able to take responsibility for planning and implementing on their own effectively.

### Late 1990's: Village Committees/User's groups

The process of working with the sponsored families culminated in the notion of promoting village committees and Users group which include both sponsored and non-sponsored families from the community. Each village and *toles* were regarded as units for forming village committees often represented by each household. These groups were further

promoted to form larger federation at VDC levels. The Plan community development works were channeled through these groups in different villages and thought be effective way of service delivery in comparison to individual household approach. These groups often began with saving and credit schemes and embarked upon other activities depending upon the support of Plan.

Along the trend emerged in the country during 1990s, Plan and other agencies working in the areas started to form various users groups and management committees as well. The users groups included those of drinking water, irrigation, community forest management and others while management committees were mostly of schools and health centers. Further to these village committees, users groups and management committees, other groups formed as "interest groups" also came into being by late 1990s. Various sorts of income generation groups such as women's groups, livestock group, vegetable farming group, weaving groups and so forth came into existence.

By the end of 1990s, a number of diverse groups fostered by Plan as well as multiple other organizations emerged in the villages. The multiplicity of the groups at times were too confusing for villagers themselves. Many were created by outside agencies and had no basis for sustaining themselves after the external supporters move away. The process of birth and death of various organizations became a regular part of the village development work ran by the development agencies. Despite the call for sustained effort for coordination, there was not any anchoring body or idea to put the things together to give a larger and longer picture of where things were heading.

However, these confusing processes of configuration and reconfiguration of groups in the villages gave condition for rise of some of the promising groups at local levels that served their members and families in a sustained basis through their role as interface between outside agencies and the community. The emergences of plethora of groups were also signs of democracy gradually reaching the village.

# 2000 Onwards: Service CBOs, Women's groups, Cooperatives, Clubs

The processes ongoing during 1990s, on positive side generated a number of strong community based organizations and deepened understanding of how they work. One of the salient features is the realization among INGOs and donor agencies on the need to work with the local CBOs in a systematic way. In many places the role of NGOs professionalized in service delivery or some aspects of technical skills were even taken up by the local groups themselves. The notion of service CBOs which ideally would provide services to the community members was one of the outcomes of this process. As a result Plan Nepal started to support in forming and financing local level service CBOs organized as Youth Clubs and other organizations after 2000. Women's groups in various parts of the working area emerged as viable institutions for supporting women's empowerment agenda. Similarly, small scale saving and credit groups graduated to become medium scale cooperatives. The emerging CBO scenario and associated approaches provided a greater option for agency like Plan Nepal to support CBOs at different levels. Despite such options available, Plan Nepal nevertheless continued to treat only those agencies created by or created in response to financial stimulus of Plan as its partner CBO to work with for certain policy constraints.

#### 2.2 Definition of CBOs

As can be seen from the above discussion on the evolutionary emergence of multiple CBOs, there exist a plethora of ways to define CBOs. People may define Community Based Organization (CBO) differently, depending on their interest and implications. In general context, Plan Nepal considers those local organizations as CBOs, who are locally formed non-profit making organizations for the purpose of community development. These organizations have often emerged out Plan's direct engagement in the community development work hence work closely with them as partners. For practica purpose, Plan also has device criteria for ranking the CBOs in different levels. The basis for categorizing the capacity status employed by Plan Nepal is primarily about ability to use fund. Plan Nepal for example categorizes CBOs into three different grades; Grade A as highly competent who are able to spend above \$5,000; Grade B as Competent who are able to spend upto \$5,000, and Grade C as Less Competent who spends less than \$3,000. Plan definition of CBOs, therefore, appears broad in one hand to include any community groups to be a CBO, on the other hand, practical operation of Plan indicates a narrow way of defining them through fund use and grading in an arbitrary fashion.

Going beyond both abstract as well as financial basis of defining CBOs, there is a need for sharpening our conception of CBOs. One of the definitions of the CBO emerged out of the assessment stress on the situatedness of the organization in community. For example, in order to be CBO it must be from among the community, located in the community and working for themselves. Basing ourselves in this criteria, CBOs, broadly, can be taken as those organizations/or institutions which are locally evolved, operating in a micro scale, in terms of areas and activities, specialized in some particular activities of which members are bound with some organic relationship, viz. area, religion, occupation, caste/ethnicity, activities, and so on. Multiple forms of CBO that can be found in the rural areas today have been classified according to the area of operation for present study.

Legal status is another criteria often employed to differentiate, for example, between CBO and NGOs. Formal registration of a CBO is not thought essential for receiving fund from Plan, however they may register themselves. If CBOs chose to register, both CBOs and NGOs have to registered officially with HMG/N within the same Society Act. Legal status of an organization therefore, cannot be a practical way for distinguishing CBO with other agencies. A large number of CBOs, in reality need and wish for registration for official recognition and to become NGOs. Discussion with Plan Staff and CBO members indicate a crucial tension between two actors in terms of their perception regarding this distinction. While Plan Nepal wish to treat the CBOs as CBOs, CBOs themselves aspires for becoming NGOs. In CBOs aspiration, they would eventually replace the outside so-called professional NGOs in many areas by taking management responsibility including hiring of the technical staff or NGOs they require for the work. The tension is therefore, three dimensional involving CBOs, NGOs, and Plan Nepal.

The fluidity of CBO identity gives arbitrary power to Plan staff for defining who makes CBO and who a NGO. In practice, same organization may be treated one year as CBO while next year as NGO. This way of treating local organizations make many CBO members feel as if their identity depends upon Plan's wish and perception. During an interaction program in Makwanpur, representatives of CBOs/NGOs maintained that CBOs and NGO are

distinguished in terms of scale of activities and the resources they mobilized. CBO is understood as *Saano Sanstha* (small organization/institutions). For them, NGOs are more autonomous where as CBOs more controlled. This way of thinking virtually leads to the notion that CBOs exist and function as small scale vehicle for NGOs and INGOs. The question emerges why CBOs cannot become NGO like institutions which receives certain kinds of privileges from Plan and other donors including overhead and staff cost become local counterpart on civil society. CBOs thus have dual identity of both as CBO and as NGO.

The identity of a CBO changes not only in relation to Plan Nepal, but also when some other donor agencies appear in the scene. CBO members reported that since many of "us" have duel identity, whoever gives funds, they may define the organization in either way they like. As a result, there are many cases where one organization which has been treated as a CBO by Plan, has been working as an NGO with other donors. In conclusion, such confusion revealed in the field is largely a result of lack of clarity in the Plan Nepal's policy towards CBOs and bears challenge to capacity strengthening task.

#### 2.3 Operational Structure and Policy Issues

Current policy structure of Plan Nepal suggests that CBOs operate as interface between Plan Nepal/NGOs and community to implement the programs. There are number of issues related to its structure and mechanism that has direct bearing on CBO capacity. Firstly, following its past legacy of working exclusively with community organizations it has fostered, Plan treats only certain types of organizations as CBOs. These practices tend to include mostly those organizations as partner CBOs that help provide are services to community. This approach excludes a large number of grassroots self-help groups, users groups, management comities and other groups as CBOs.

When Plan channelize funds through CBOs, it expects from members of these CBOs a voluntary contribution without any overhead and staff cost support. This expectation is based on the assumption that members of CBO constitute the beneficiaries of the project they implement. CBOs are considered as recipient and delivery mechanism simultaneously. In this conception, they appear to be users group of a particular project. CBOs often point to the inconsistency in Plan Nepal's conception in providing overhead cost to outside NGOs for doing the same job as CBO does. There is no mechanism for compensating for the time and overhead costs including transportation expenses of those CBO members who actively involve in implementing the project.

Plan Nepal currently provides financial support on an annual basis. The involvement of CBOs in Plan planning processes is not very clear hence CBOs involvement as partner in particular year is subjected to change based on the criteria of Plan staff. Unpredictable nature of partnership contributes negatively to organizational growth of the CBOs. When they work in partnership with Plan, this basically means CBOs receiving funds from Plan Nepal to implement projects within the procedures that Plan formulated. This basically means CBOs implementing the project and collecting necessary accounting information for Plan. The organizational development aspect is practically invisible in these procedures. This further increases CBOs accountability to Plan Nepal following certain procedures and guidelines than becoming more answerable to community that they belong.

The Plan policy do not speak clearly of proper distribution of CBOs in a given area and population. Such lack of clarity exists not only for service CBOs but also for other self-help CBOs such as child club, early childhood care center, women's group, and others. Most of the self-help CBOs do not receives funds from Plan. Even when they receive funds it is arbitrary in nature. The linkages and relationship between service CBO and self-help CBOs are not very clear. The aspect of inclusion of diversity of community especially that of indigenous groups and dalits has not came to policy focus of the Plan Nepal yet.

In summary, larger principle of Plan Nepal in relation to groups and organizations at community levels including networking and partnership has a serious gap in translating it into practice. The current practice rather has danger of negatively impacting the growth of CBOs. There is need for developing a coherent policy framework for translating the promises to behavior at ground level. Such policy should gear towards setting up democratic environment for the civil society at grassroots levels in the future with particular attention on social inclusion.

#### 2.4 NGO-CBO relations

Many CBOs working with Plan Nepal, and other donors are of the common opinion that contracting out national NGOs to come to village creates a tension between CBOs and NGOs. They argue that the policy of 'contracting' national NGOs, who are 'outsiders' for communities, has not been of much help. Based on their observations, they presented the following arguments:

- i. Contracting national NGOs to work in the local level for the kind of activities, which can be done by the local NGOs or even CBOs limit the space for CBO growth in the local level, which eventually hinders the process of empowerment of the civil society at the grassroots.
- ii. Such national NGO, particularly in the present context of conflict, may not get the adequate support from community, therefore, effectiveness and sustainability of their work is always threatened, and questioned. Representatives of national NGOs interviewed during the field visit also agree that they are getting hard time in accessing and spending time with communities.
- iii. In such cases, it was also found that NGOs staffs have to rely on local CBOs or CBO members to deliver their message and materials. CBO member suggests it would desirable that concerned CBOs should have assigned such tasks rather than to the national NGO.
- iv. As observed by local NGOs and CBOs, such national NGOs are limited in delivering some activities as per Plan's need, and less oriented and useful in capacity building in local level. Therefore, presence of such NGOs should be for capacity building of local organization, but not to distribute 'seeds' and 'fertilizers' that local cadres can do themselves.
- v. NGOs role must be distinct from what CBO does. Bringing technological innovation and enabling CBOs to grow for community development should be the role of NGOs.

# **Chapter Three**

The Landscape of CBOs at Grassroots

# 3.1 Geographic distribution of CBOs

As has been discussed in foregoing chapter, village Nepal have experienced a dramatic growth in outside interventions including formation of various kinds of groups during last three decades. The proponents of group approach argued that it is an effective means to service delivery while others proposed groups as forum for raising awareness, solidarity and finally empowering the community. The groups formed today in rural areas ranges from interest/self-help groups, cooperatives, users groups, management committees to those who call themselves service CBO that carry version of generic title such as Community Development Centre. During last three decades multiple numbers of outside development agencies have formed numerous groups in the villages, at times, overlapping each other.

Although development agencies have championed the group approach over the past, the agencies know little about the current landscape of CBOs in terms of its geographic distribution, areas of involvement and other aspects of its functioning. The question such as how many groups and CBOs do we currently have in one VDC? What has been their coverage in terms of area, population and services and finally what would be an appropriate number to have them in a given area are some of the pertinent questions that needs to be answered before we go further to work on capacity development.

With these questions in mind, the present study began with compiling an inventory of all existing CBOs and groups in VDC in which Plan Nepal is currently working. Like other VDCs in Nepal, Plan working areas also had multiple agencies forming various types of groups for several purposes. Plan Nepal had its own trajectory and evolution of forming and working with CBOs, but as one of the largest INGO in Nepal who implement programs with longer term commitment to the population, it is necessary as well as desirable to understand a total universe of the local institutions.

An inventory of CBOs compiled from 120 VDC from six districts shows that there are more than 744 CBO currently in existence. This number however is not necessarily exhaustive to cover all CBOs and other groups in the villages due to lack of information on the groups to information collectors. This we believe is conservative estimate. Calculation even with this conservative number shows that there are about 6.2 organizations in average per VDC.

The distribution across different districts also shows higher level of disparity between districts. Morang district, for example, has average number of 12 CBOs in a VDC while other such as Makwanpur, Banke and Bara have only 3.5 CBOs per VDC. This disparity can be accounted for two reasons. The first is that there is a tendency of getting higher number of local organizations in more accessible area with educated people. This is also co-related with the existence of donor agencies including Plan Nepal who provide financial support to such groups. The second reason is more of methodological one; simply indicating higher level of enumeration in one district than others.

Makwanpur falls much behind in inventorzing the CBOs that are operational in the area among other districts. The following table shows the distribution of CBOs across different districts:

Table 1 Distribution of CBOs by district

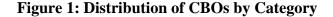
District	VDC	No. of	In	Average	Percentage
	covered in	CBO	percentage	CBOs in	of CBOs
	inventory	inventoried		a VDC	sampled
Banke	26	103	13.84	4.0	16.74
Bara	13	43	5.78	3.3	13.73
Makwanpur	10	32	4.30	3.2	8.58
Morang	28	351	47.18	12.5	10.30
Rautahat	22	111	14.92	5.04	35.19
Sunsari	21	104	13.98	5.0	15.45
Total	120	744	100	6.2	100.00

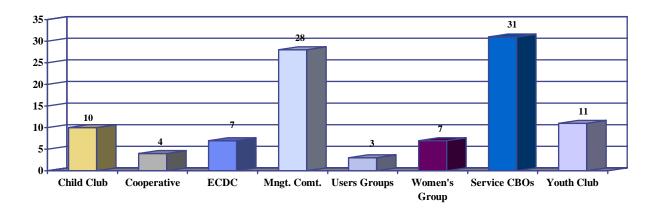
Source: Field Survey 2004.

The field observation further shows that the distribution of the CBOs within a VDC also is uneven. An emerging pattern suggest that the area with more accessible location with higher level of educated population within the VDC tended to have more functioning groups than remote village with poorer households.

#### 3.2 CBO Classification

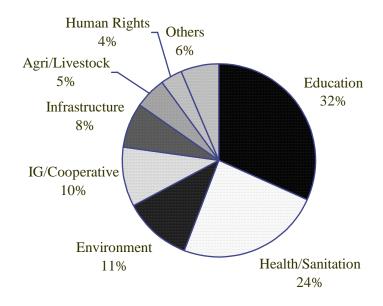
For present purpose, we have classified the 744 inventorized CBOs broadly in eight categories; namely Child Club, Cooperatives and saving groups, Early Childhood Care, School and Health Post Management Committees, Various Users groups, Women's groups, Service CBOs and Youth Clubs based on their nature of their primary involvement. However, each type of organization is involved in more than one function at the same time, therefore, it really is difficult to delineate them according to the work they perform. No traditional/indigenous organization/institutions have been identified and worked with by Plan Nepal. The present distribution of different types of CBOs suggests that Service CBOs and Management committee occupy the larger portion of CBO landscape. Service CBOs are defined as those groups, which implement specific kinds of program activities as subcontractor from Plan Nepal such as distribution of smokeless stove, materials for roofing or conducting literacy classes and others. Service CBO are highest in number with 31 percent followed by management committee with 28 percent. Others categories of CBOs include Youth Club (10%), Child Club (10 %), Women's Group and Early Childhood Development Centre (7% each). The following figure shows the distribution of CBOs in different categories:





According to inventory, majority of the CBOs (32%) are involved in the education, child issues, followed by involvement in (24% of CBOs) health sanitation and drinking water programs. Likewise, 11 percent of them identified their major working areas as environment, forestry; whereas another 10 percent identified their major working areas as income generation and saving credit and women's groups. Some of them are involved in infrastructure development (8%), basically construction committee falls under this category. About five percent of them are engaged in agriculture and livestock and about four percent are in human rights sectors. The following figure shows the distribution of CBOs by area of involvement:

Figure 2: Distribution of CBOs by areas of involvement



In terms of their partnership, of total CBOs surveyed, only 66 percent of the CBOs had partnership with Plan Nepal. Those CBOs having partnership with Plan Nepal and those without were included in the study so as to compare CBOs' capacity in various areas with and without Plan Nepal partnership and inputs. Both partner and non-partner (of Plan Nepal) CBOs are diversified in terms of the area they are involved.

### 3.3 Inclusion and community representation

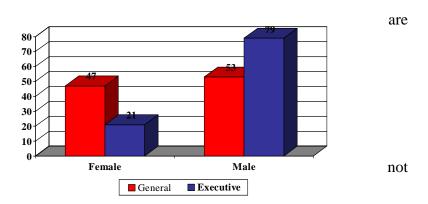
It is generally assumed that group approach could be an effective way to attain greater inclusion of the marginalization section of the society. Such assumption although carry certain level of truth, bears severe limitation and at times can disguise the exclusion at deeper level. The representation of the member of indigenous ethnic groups, dalits and women in the CBOs is taken as one of the main criteria for judging relative inclusion that is prerequisite to democratic governance of any organization. The study meticulously analysed the data obtained from inventory to look at the representation in CBOs by gender, caste and ethnicity at both levels of general membership and executive bodies responsible for making decisions.

The information obtained on the representation clearly shows that the number of males and high caste groups are found in higher number in CBOs than their population. High caste male is particularly acute in decision making bodies. Imbalanced representation or the social exclusion apparent in the current composition of the CBOs indicate an urgent need to make the existing CBOs composition representative of the community in true sense. This is also essential if we are to ensure that the CBOs which are thought to be mechanism for social inclusion do not become structures for enabling elite capture at local levels.

Many of CBOs are found to be formed by groups of individuals who are already familiar and closer with power in terms of their caste, political and economic status. In some cases, there exist some variations in patterns of social exclusion. Community Forestry Users Groups, for

example, cross cuts social and economic boundaries in which membership are often territorially based. These groups largely represented by a homogenous groups living in certain cluster. Analysis of social inclusion therefore needs to be conducted in isolation or in single CBO case basis but to look from resource

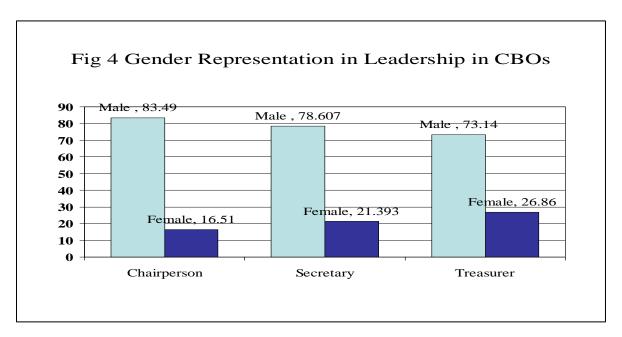
Fig 3 Gender Representation in CBO Membership



distribution perspective in whole VDC or a larger territory in relation to population composition.

In terms of Gender participation, the study has revealed a very interesting finding. In involvement of women as general members, women outnumbered males. For example, there is 53 percent of female as compared to 47 of males (See Fig 3) in general membership. Whereas in terms of their representation in the executive committee membership, women's representation is only 21 percent and male occupy 79 percent of the position. The figure 3 shows the representation by gender against their population in the area.

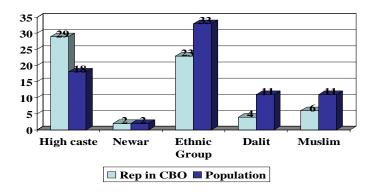
The ratio of female and male is even dramatically unequal within executive committee positions. Figure 3 illustrates the female participation in the key leadership positions i.e. chairperson, secretary and treasures. Thus, as a prima-facie, women participation in CBOs may seem considerably satisfying, their representation in the decision making position is very low compared to that of their counter part male (See Fig 4).



Similarly, in terms of representation of caste and ethnicity, the 'high caste', including Brahmin, Chhetri and Thakuri, occupy disproportionately a larger space compared to their

population. Whereas all other groups are under represented with respect the size of population. Newars are exceptions who have equal representation against the size of their population. This further suggests for the need for interventions for

Fig 5 Caste/Ethnic Representation in CBOs



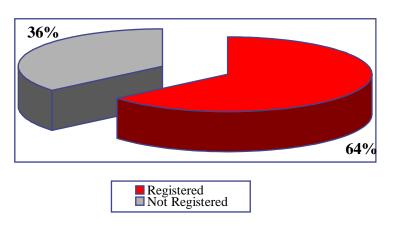
awareness and sensitisation with regard to inclusive CBO representation. The survey also reveals that in executive committees, the representation of *janajati* and *dalits* are relatively less compared to their presence as general members and their population (See Fig 5). In terms of inclusion of *Daltis* and *Janajati*, situation of the partners of Plan Nepal are better compared to non-partners. Such representation can be used as one of the indicators to see the pattern of resource distributions.

# 3.4 Legal Status

Most of the CBOs/NGOs, (here after CBOs to denote both) particularly working with Plan

Nepal have been registered in the concerned authorities. In terms of legal status, all the registered CBOs are equal to NGOs. Motivation of registration is largely for establishing partnership with Plan Nepal or other donor agencies. In some cases, like in Sunsari, number of registered **CBOs** is higher compared to Morang, because, Plan Nepal expanded its work in Sunsari a few years later than CBOs in Sunsari Morang. thought that they have to be registered to get Plan funding or

Fig 6 Legal Status of CBOs



to get affiliated with Plan Nepal. Likewise, most of them are renewed on time due to a mandatory condition to get funds. According to the inventory data less than 64.5 percent of CBOs are registered and more than 35.5 percent of CBOs are non-registered (See Fig 6). However, many of them also maintained that they are in the processes of registering their CBOs.

# Chapter Four CBO Capacity Status

While inventorizing the CBOs and Plan policy environment analysis comprised important part of the study in order to lay the foundation, assessment of capacity itself was the central focus of the present exercise. Assessment of the capacity entail first articulating what capacity would constitute against which appraisal could be carried out. The researchers through review of past experiences of Plan but not only limited to it, identified major areas of capacity areas to be assessed. The job of delineating capacity areas took into considerations the experience elsewhere besides Plan Nepal. Of those reviewed, the most important ones include those of the World Neighbor<sup>1</sup> and SNV/Nepal's<sup>2</sup> approaches to CBO capacity assessment and strengthening.

While capacity areas can be defined and divided according to the need of the organization and purpose of the capacity assessment, there are some common areas applicable to all organizations. Effectiveness in identifying who the organization is, what the organization does, how it operates and whom it relates are basically a common ways to view the areas of capacity. Since our concern here is that of local organizations that are based in and represented by community to serve their members, we have taken following capacity areas for assessment, which are, by and large, considered as the denominator for the performance and viability of local organization:

- Human resources
- Infrastructure
- Shared visions and values
- Governance, leadership and inclusion
- Resource mobilizations
- Internal management
- Linkages, networking and advocacy
- Program and Results

For in-depth analysis of capacity status of the selected CBO, the study covered all four Program Units comprising six districts where Plan Nepal directly implements its programs with local and/or national partners. Sample of 31.3% of the 744 CBOs listed in inventory were taken for intensive survey. The following table presents the number of CBOs inventoried and then surveyed during the study:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See for example "From the Roots Up: Strengthening Organizational Capacity through Guided Self-Assessment" Peter Gubbels & Catheryn Koss, World Neighbors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Organizational Strengthening: NGO and CBO Manual of SNV/Nepal 2004

Table 2 Distribution of CBOs in sample survey for capacity assessment

District	No. of CBO inventoried	No of CBOs surveyed	Sample CBO Percentage
Banke	103	39	16.74
Bara	43	32	13.73
Makwanpur	32	20	8.58
Morang	351	24	10.30
Rautahat	111	82	35.19
Sunsari	104	36	15.45
Total	744	233	100.00

Source: Field Survey 2004.

While inventory only took basic information about the CBOs in terms of their representation, registration status, and areas of involvement, the detailed survey analyzed the capacity status of the sampled CBOs. The in-depth survey included CBOs who are working as Plan partner as well as those who did not had such relationship. The capacity assessment also adopted methodology to see the capacity of a given CBOs from different perspectives, i.e. as viewed by the CBO members themselves, the community members and those of Plan front line workers.

#### 4.1 Human Resources

Availability of human resources, which constitute the key element in moving the organization towards its goal, was taken as one of the key areas to assess organizational capacity. As can be seen from previous discussion, CBOs are by nature primarily voluntary. The number, skill and strength of voluntary members forming and working together for common benefit constitute the backbone of an organization. The study shows that group approach fostered by the developmental agencies during the past have greatly enhanced the trend in the rural areas to organize themselves on voluntary basis to take certain initiatives at local levels. Except those who were designed to operate as NGO through salaried staff to provide services to community, the entire CBOs whether it be formed by outside donor agencies or by community members themselves have considerable strength in mobilizing voluntary members. Although number of members in each group vary in a considerable degree, analysis of 744 CBO shows that each of CBO mobilizes 15-35 voluntary members for the task.

Only an insignificant number of CBOs can afford to pay the human resources they mobilize. The engagement of these voluntary members by nature is part time not are necessarily able to sustain in terms of involvement over time. This is particularly true for youth members of Service CBOs who tended to get pressure for joining earning employment for sustaining themselves and their families. In many cases, CBO members do not only contribute their time voluntarily but also cash in the course of implementing the projects in partnership with

Plan. Such contribution would include transportation, food and accommodation expenses during travel and minor office maintenance cost.

The survey revealed that most of the executive members of CBOs have received common types of trainings particularly offered by the organizations they are working with and affiliated. For example, almost all CBOs that are working with Plan Nepal have received book keeping/account training. In some case they have also received training on Participatory Appraisal and Training of Trainers. Altogether, 4528 persons from various CBOs reported to have participated in training programs during past years of which 61% were male members of the organizations. As has been discussed earlier, the training provided to members of the CBOs are not necessarily coherent in term of gearing towards organizational development. A pattern emerged shows that the Plan Nepal offered same training every year in which CBOs send same persons as participants.

There are other types of training that members of the CBOs receives in relation to the specific project activities they implement. Training on improved vegetable farming, ECD facilitator training, or plumbing training are some of the example. Although these training are important in themselves, they do not necessarily form part of the input for organizational growth. Members' perception on training received and their application in the work is presented in the following table:

Table 3 Utilization of skills and knowledge in planning and implementation

District	no trained staffs or members	few members are trained but skills are not	skills and knowledge are utilised	skills learned are utilised effectively	NF	Total
Morang	4	0	14	6	0	24
Sunsari	7	1	13	11	4	36
Makwanpur	0	5	11	3	1	20
Rautahat	4	6	48	23	1	82
Bara	5	1	18	8	0	32
Bake	2	10	12	14	1	39
Total	22	23	116	65	7	233
Percentage	9.44	9.87	49.79	27.90	3.00	100.

The table shows that only 27.90 percent of them have claimed that the skills they have learned are utilised effectively. About half of the respondents (49.79%) are in satisfactory position. About 20% of the CBO feel that they either do not have any trained human resources or only very few are being trained.

#### 4.2 Infrastructure

Most of CBOs maintain small rooms as meeting place or offices. In some case they are rented but largely they are provided free of cost by some members or well-wishers to use as office temporarily. Very few of them have their own office premises with 1-2 room office

building. According to the survey, almost one fourth (23.4 percent) of them who have partnership with Plan Nepal maintained that they have their own office premises, as against only 16.5 percent of CBOs who are not the partner of Plan Nepal at present mentioned about their own private office premises. Similarly, 50 percent of CBOs who are partnering with Plan Nepal have rented room(s) for their offices, where as only 16.5 of CBOs who are not partner of Plan Nepal at that time have rented the room to set up their office. In a very few cases, (and was also observed during the field visit) that their office buildings are being constructed. Generally these offices are furnished with local materials. 69 percent of the surveyed CBOs reported that their offices are furnished at minimum levels.

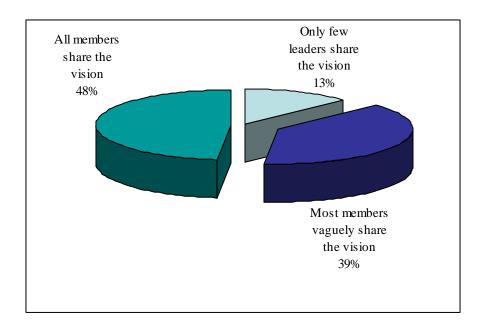
Physical facilities in terms of office equipments that can facilitate the work also is limited. Only 11% of the CBOs have cycles for transportation during official work. This is also limited to Terai districts. Similarly only 7% have access to telephone. Encouragingly, about 4% are found to have computers for record keeping and general correspondence.

### 4.3 Shared Vision and Objectives

Common vision in terms of simple understanding of doing something for local development is widely shared among members of the CBOs in general. This vision of doing development at local level often is a response to stimulus coming from outside. Very few CBOs, however were found, which were self-motivated and working according to local needs and local

resources. Many of CBOs are donor fund oriented, largely donor therefore. driven; and, who honestly stated their mission to suit donor's interest. Despite this, the survey revealed that almost half (48%) of the CBOs claim that all of their members know and share the vision, while only few (13%) reported that leaders share onlv the vision and rest of the members are not aware of organisation's objectives (See Fig 2).

Fig 7 Clarity of Vision and Purpose of Organization



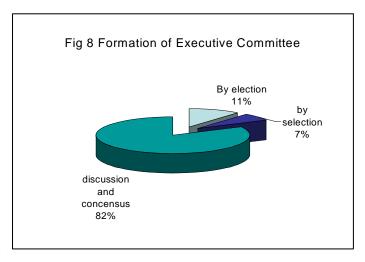
### 4.4 Governance and participatory procedures

#### **General Assembly and Election of the Leaders**

Most of the CBO, particularly one working with support from external support hold general assembly annually. The formation of the executive committee too is done with discussion and consensus in the case of 82 percent of the CBOs. Only 11 percent of them formed their

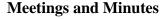
executive committee by elections, where two or more than two candidates contested for the same posts in the key position of the executive committee. Seven percent of the CBOs also reported that their committees were selected by some individuals or groups, in some cases, by outsiders (See Fig 8).

In large number of cases, CBOs are led by the same leaders for three to five years. In some CBOs who have longer history, for

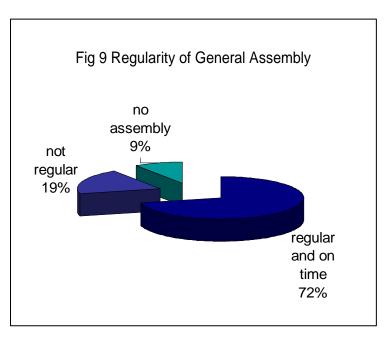


example, more than 10 years, whole new set of executive committee have been emerged, as they revived those CBOs in their locality which have already generated some social capitals. The second line leadership although is a generic problem common to all, some CBOs appears to have managed to get to this threshold.

A majority of CBOs (72%) maintained that they hold a general assembly regularly, however, about one fifth (19%) of them stated that they hold the general assembly, but are not regular. A few of them (9%) have never held a general assembly, so far (See Fig 7). This is, particularly for two reasons, first, they are just registered, or are not renewed annually; and second, they have no general members. A few cases observed also included those CBOs which are not receiving any funds from outside.



Frequency and regularity of meetings



and keeping of minutes are very much determined by the nature of activities of CBOs. The frequency of meeting ranges from one week to six months. The following table illustrates the frequency and regularity of the meetings and availability of the minutes by district:

Table 4 Minutes/proceedings of the meetings maintained and available

District	no minutes kept	yes, but not sufficient	yes, most members know it	ers .	decisions are
Morang	0	1	17	6	24
Sunsari	0	3	14	19	36
Makwanpur	0	0	10	10	20
Rautahat	0	0	24	58	82
Bara	0	0	7	25	32
Bake	3	4	7	25	39
Total	3	8	79	143	233
Percentage	1.29	3.00	33.91	61.37	100

Source: Field Survey 2004

As cam be seen in the above table, majority of the executive committees (61%) of CBOs meet once a month. About 14 percent of them meet bi-monthly and about 11 percent meet fortnightly. Rest of the CBOs have very discrete routine, some of them mentioned that they meet weekly, others quarterly, and half yearly. The survey result shows that in most of the cases, majority of the members participate in the meetings which may sounds a bit exaggerated in everyday practice found in the villages. A common practice for all is that they hold a meeting, besides their regular meetings, 'as and when needed'.

Almost all of them (about 98%) of them claimed that they keep minutes of all meetings. Few of them (3%), reported that their minute keeping is not adequate, and nor is maintained in a proper way. About 34 percent of them reported that minutes are kept, but only few members of executive committee maintain it, and other members do not bother about it. Majority (61%) of them maintain that, they not only keep minutes, but most of the members know it, and minutes are reviewed in the next meetings. During the assessment exercise, PVs in fact requested to show the minutes for verification. It was basically a technique employed to validate or triangulate the data reported by the respondents. In large number of cases PVs were able to verify actual minutes irrespective of their content and subsequent implementation.

#### 4.5 Internal Management

#### Work/Responsibility Division among the members

The clear and explicit work division among the members could be considered one of the indicators of maturity of the organization and democratic practices. However, the work division within the organization in the given context is largely determined by the number and the nature of projects they are handling. During the field visit, no such work divisions was

apparent where few (executive) member heads a project and takes responsibility for the successful execution of that project is a common practice. Hence generally it is always a couple of active members who take hold of all the activities and responsibilities, from fund seeking to daily operation of the office.

On the contrary to our observations of general practice found among majority CBOs, the survey data revealed that almost 82 percent of the responding CBOs reported to have a clear work division within the organization and carried out accordingly. The following table presents the situation of the work division among members within CBOs.

Table 5 Divisions of responsibilities/tasks among members

District	no tasks	yes, but not	Yes, but not	Clear and carried	Total
	division	clear to all	followed	out accordingly	
Morang		1	9	14	24
Sunsari	3	2	3	28	36
Makwanpur	0	0	6	14	20
Rautahat	2	0	6	74	82
Bara	0	1	3	28	32
Bake	1	0	6	32	39
Total	6	4	33	190	233
Percentage	2.58	1.72	14.16	81.55	100

Source: Field Survey 2004.

# **Account Keeping**

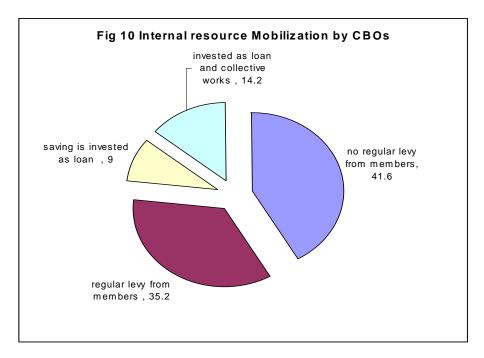
Largely due to funding agencies' requirements, majority of CBOs (89%) have maintained their accounts properly. In fact the members of CBOs have also received adequate training on that part. Those who have not received such training agree that their financial system is not properly kept, or they are kept for temporary purpose only. Especially Plan Nepal partners (Plan Nepal staffs use the term 'partner' to CBOs, whereas CBOs use the term 'donor' to Plan Nepal) are found capable in maintaining good financial records. It was also reported that the donors consider such records as one of the main indicators of monitoring of the program.

#### 4.6 Resource Mobilization

Capacity to generate resources, internally and/or externally, very much determines the sustainability of the organization and the program they are carrying out. During the filed observations a number of cases were found in which CBOs have mobilized their own local resources, or have been able to diversify their sources of funding. Internal sources generally come from levy of the members and CBO do not have many other sources to generate resources locally besides labor contribution by members.

CBOs working with Plan are often depended on one source, and less oriented in diversifying their source of funding (See Fig 10). Lack of presence of national NGOs has also limited their opportunities. Availability of government fund is very much limited. Some of the CBOs reported that they want to establish relations with other funding agencies also, but they do not

have enough information and access to such agencies. The following figure shows the CBOs with internal sources of income:



Despite such difficulty in resource mobilization, estimation of annual resource mobilization by the CBOs in 120 VDCs shows a significant level of mobilization at larger picture. 744 CBOs invetorized during the study reported that altogether they mobilize 215 million rupees for various purposes during last years. Out of the total resources mobilized 26% actually are mobilized internally by the community themselves. The following table shows the amount CBOs in each district mobilize annually.

Table 6 Summary of annual budget of CBOs

Tubic	Table 0 Summary of annual budget of CDOS								
			Annual Buo	Annual Budget (Rs in million)					
		NO of	Internal bu	dget	External	budget			
S.N.	Districts	CBOs	Rs	%	Rs	%	Total		
1	Banke	103	17.01	29	41.57	71	58.58		
2	Bara	43	1.40	5	26.60	95	28.00		
3	Makwanpur	32	4.29	25.4	12.64	74.7	16.93		
4	Morang	351	15.30	28.1	39.11	71.9	54.41		
5	Rautahat	111	9.09	32.6	18.81	67.4	27.90		

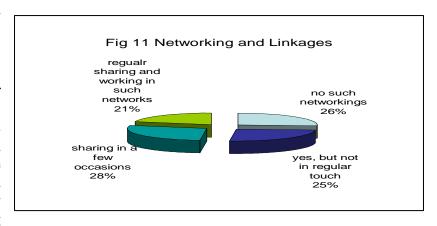
6	Sunsari	104	9.04	30.5	20.63	69.5	29.67
7	Total	744	56.17	26.1	159.39	73.9	215.56

Field survey, 2004

The disparity between different CBOs in terms of their ability to mobilize resources is, nevertheless very high. Among 744 CBOs, there are, for example, 171 organizations who have not resource mobilized at all. An average annual budget with both internal and external resources is calculated to be about rupees 370,000. Some of the CBOs mobilize annual resources upto 10 million rupees per year.

# 4.7 Linkages and Network

Some of the CBOs. including local NGOs, are in one or another of networks. types However, the **CBOs** reported that no such supports or benefits have been received from such networks, except a few chances in participating



in some seminars, workshops, training and other gatherings. Probably, it is also due to the limitation and working modality of such networks.

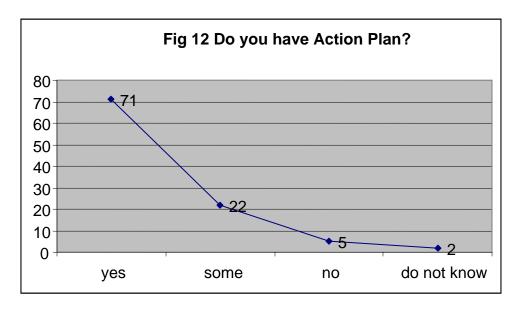
CBOs have launched some of the activities, which have national/global significance, e.g. prevention of early child marriage, birth registration, women rights, etc. They have been observed as activity of CBO than social movements.

### 4.8 Programs and results

#### Planning, Implementation and Monitoring

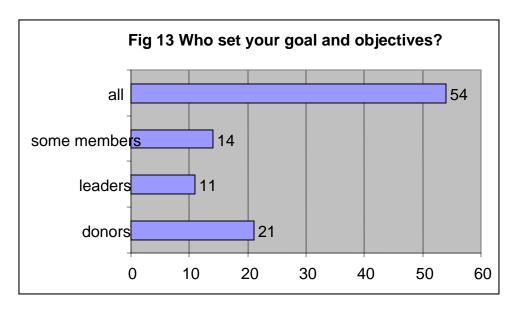
Capacity to plan, implement and monitor relevant program activities constitute central concern for effectively functioning CBOs at grassroots level. Setting up of system and acquiring necessary technical skills for implementing and monitoring them is one of the fundamental gaps in CBO capacity. The study reveals that there exists a wide acceptance of the need for collectively formulated organizational plan. The majority of the CBOs perceive that they have some sort of action plan and are able to draw as plan. But more than one fourth organizations indicated lack of understanding of what actually constitute the plan and its importance. The skill to effectively plan is also associated with their capacity to analyze

the their community situation and identification and prioritization of problems. The following figure shows the present status of planning capacity among CBOs:



Even those who have reported to have plan of action also primarily meant Program Outline (PO)- the administrative format prescribed by the Plan Nepal for reaching any agreement between CBOs. The lack of skill for analying their society, identifying priority problems and collectively formulating plans is a major need for capacity strengthening at local levels.

Agreeing on the objective constitute the major task in the planning process. The objective reflects the analysis of the social problems and desired future direction. The involvement of the community in the process with necessary skill and knowledge is extremely important. In order to assess the current level of capacity in formulating meaningful objective, the study asked question regarding the process of objective formulation. As the following figure shows, about half of the CBO have not yet attained the level where they could formulate their objective in consultation with all members. Very interestingly 21% of the CBOs reported that their organizational objectives are set by the donor agencies.



Subsequent to planning is their capacity to implement them. While planning is specialized task requiring certain kinds of skills, implementation is much broader in scope. The effective implementation of the project would entail coordinating a large number of community members, resource agencies, as well as ensuring appropriate technological needs, and timely supervision. No other stage of CBO operation would require so much of leadership and facilitation skill than the project implementation.

As can be seen in the following table, only two third of CBOs perceived that their planned activities are being effectively implemented. Rest of the organizations felt some kind of difficulties in successfully executing the task.

Table 7 Implementation of planned activities

	Not effectiv	very	Yes, be activitied only		Accord plan delayed	but		activities nning as nning	
District	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Banke	6	15.8	11	28.9	4	10.5	17	44.7	38
Bara			3	9.1	2	6.1	28	84.8	33
Makwanpur			5	25	1	5	14	70	20
Morang			8	33.3	4	16.7	12	50	24
Rautahat	2	2.4	13	15.9	4	4.9	63	76.8	82
Sunsari	2	5.6	10	27.8	4	11.1	20	55.6	36
Total	10	4.29	41	17.6	19	8.2	154	66.1	233

Field survey, 2004

Monitoring can be taken as part of the implementation process, which not only serves as tool for later evaluation but also aid to the implementation itself. Monitoring is a specific kind of skills that CBOs should possess for being effective in serving their respective communities.

The survey results indicate that only half of CBOs perceive its importance and practice in some levels. About one fourth of organizations have donors monitor their programs and have not control over the process. Some of the CBOs even do not have knowledge about what constitute monitoring itself. The following table presents the responses of CBO members about the participatory monitoring, evaluation and management of learning.

Table 8 Monitoring and evaluation of the programs and management of learning

District	no such monitori ng of the program	donors monitor the program	organisa tion does the monitori ng but not been	organisa tion does the monitori	ta
Morang	0	6	8	10	24
Sunsari	0	10	7	19	36
Makwanpur	1	2	9	8	20
Rautahat	2	24	9	47	82
Bara	0	10	6	16	32
Bake	3	8	4	24	39
Total	6	60	43	124	233
Percentage	2.58	25.75	18.45	53.22	100.00

Source: Filed Survey 2004

More specifically, 53 percent of the responding CBOs have maintained that their organization regularly do the monitoring and manage the learning, i.e., learning lesson from the past experiences and improvement in the following programs but not making the same mistakes. About 19 percent of the responding CBOs have mentioned about a very genuine problem, that is, they do the monitoring but, do not know how to manage the learning. For about a quarter (25.75%) of responding CBOs, donors do the monitoring.

## **Program results**

CBOs overall capacity level may be seen in the program result it perceives. CBOs, self assessment of their performance should reflect upon impacts they could have made through their engagement in the community. The perception on the result at different levels both direct and indirect may vary depending upon particular circumstances, but can provide basis for gauging the capacity status. The following table presents the assessment of responding CBOs with regard to the level of impacts their work might have on the community.

Table 9 Effects and Impacts as Perceived by CBOs

District	no such effects or impacts have been	visible few impacts, but not to problem	few impacts have been apparent	some directs/indir ect impacts have been	Total
Morang	0	2	10	12	24
Sunsari	0	8	13	15	36
Makwanpur	0	2	8	10	20
Rautahat	5	7	29	41	82
Bara	1	2	15	14	32
Bake	2	6	9	22	39
Total	8	27	84	114	233
Percentage	3.43	11.58	36.05	48.93	100.00

Above table shows that majority of them feel fairly satisfied with the impacts their programs have made. About 49 percent of them claimed that there have been some direct and indirect impacts due to their programs. Likewise, about 36 percent maintained that there have been few but visible impacts of their programs. More than half other yet to attain the status when they can feel fully satisfied with their program results reflecting better performance.

Since Plan Nepal is primarily concerned with wellbeing of children and most of its activities are concerned with child focused program the study also surveyed perceived impacts on the child centered program in the community. In terms of the impacts of the child centered programs in the community, the answer, however, varied according to the nature and functions of the CBOs. Overall picture suggests that only about one third of the CBOs felt they have been able to directly bring about positive impact on the lives of children. The following table summarizes the response on impact on the child related programs:

Table 10 Impacts of Child Centered Program

District	no such	a few examples, but	direct impacts are	not effective approach to make it	Do not know/ have	Total
	impac	not effective	visible	genuinely child	not thought	
	ts			centered	of/NA	
Morang	1	12	4	1	6	24
Sunsari	1	4	9	11	11	36
Makwanpur	0	2	6	2	10	20
Rautahat	5	8	37	11	21	82
Bara	1	4	15	7	5	32
Bake	2	2	18	7	10	39
Total	10	32	89	39	63	233
Percentage	4.29	13.73	38.20	16.74	27.04	100

It is equally important to note that a larger portion of CBOs (27.04%) were not even able to trace some impacts with regard to child centered programs. Similarly, a significant numbers of CBOs stated that the approach they are following is not appropriate or genuine enough to make the program more child-centered.

# Chapter V Capacity Strengthening Needs

# 5.1 Training Needs for Capacity Strengthening

Capacity strengthening need encompasses three major aspects of organizational development; system, structure and skilled human resources. The present study focuses on the knowledge and skills of the available human resources within the organization so that they are able to create necessary and appropriate kinds of system and structure for their work. In order to further strengthen the capacity through enhancing knowledge and skill of the CBO leaders and members, they have proposed several areas of training needs. During the field visit, group discussions and personal interviews, all commonly responded that they lack certain skills in the areas like, planning and proposal writing, report writing, and leadership training and others. Besides respondents also categorically highlighted need to access to the donors or funding agencies as major part of the capacity. The skill to build linkages with various resources agencies therefore, constitute an important areas of capacity need besides need for better infrastructure and ability to retain skilled human resources.

Among various learning needs identified by the participants training needs on planning and management for effective implementation comes as critical aspect to be improved. Within the rubric of management various themes such as leadership, facilitation, coordination and others are included. Altogether there are 26 specific training topics listed as desirable as input for capacity enhancement. The participants have ranked the training topics identified according to their relative importance (See annex for details). The following table shows the major areas of needs, as prioritized by the responding CBOs:

**Table 11 Needs Prioritized by CBOs** 

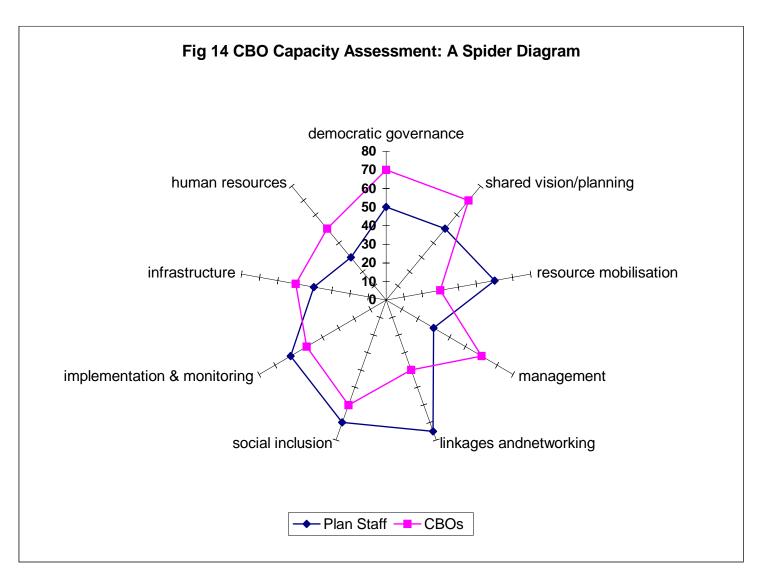
Topics	Ranking
Leadership	17.5
Management	17.0
Financial management	14.3
Planning and implementation	12.5
Participatory appraisal and social analysis	5.8
Capacity on technical skills	5.2
Gender issues	3.3
Others (18 types)	24.5

Above ranking of top most seven topics for training suggests that the need for systemization of planning, implementation and organizational procedures are the key capacity strengthening need perceived by the CBO members. A genuine question ever asked among development professional is whether the training one receives is properly utilized in his/her organization or in his/her professional fields. Organizational environment that enables one to

use the skills learned through various training is essential for the desirable use of skills acquired through various learning tools.

#### 5.2 Comparison of Plan Staffs and CBOs perspectives on Capacity Needs

In order to obtain a broader picture of capacity status of the CBO status the study team conducted an assessment of CBOs in relation to nine key dimensions of organizational capacity. The aspects assessed ranges from social inclusion, democratic governance and shared planning to specifics of monitoring and evaluation. Further, the assessment exercise also made an interesting comparison between perceptions of Plan staff and CBO members themselves. As the following figure depicts, while there are similar perception regarding some aspects of the CBO capacity, other possess considerable gaps between two partners. The following figure shows CBO capacity assessment in a spider diagram by Plan staff and CBO members:



The scorings were made during the different focused discussions while carrying out this exercise. The exercises were carried out in various districts although had rigorous engagement in Morang and Sunsari context. Field observations and different discussions held suggest that this assessment can represent general scenario for all districts and even for country as a whole to a large extent. As can be seen in the figure Plan staffs scored higher on resource mobilization, linkages, implementation/monitoring and social inclusion higher than CBOs themselves. In all other variable CBOs are found to be more generous in evaluating themselves compared to Plan staff. While a considerable gap in the perception on viewing resource mobilization and linkage is visible between two actors, there are notable similarity in viewing capacity status in social inclusion and infrastructure needs for the organizations. The variation, therefore, can be taken as the basic difference in the perception and priorities that can help for dialogue between two actors in partnership. It may also indicate existing communication/perception gaps between CBOs, PVs and Plan staffs.

# Chapter Six Major Learning and Priority for Action

#### 6.1 Summary of Major Learning

- 1. CBO growth has diversified dramatically during last decades after various development agencies have adopted group approach as major mechanism to reach out the community. As a result of such intervention from both governmental and non-governmental entities, CBOs are formed in multiple issues and diverse ways. Such diversity of CBOs bears both advantages and disadvantages to the sustainable development work in the village.
- 2. Despite the fact that there has been growth of multiple CBOs, the coverage so far has not been equitable, as they tend to concentrate more in accessible area with educated population than remote location with deprived groups. Further social composition of these groups indicates a need for becoming more inclusive to overcome from present domination of high caste male domination in CBOs especially in decision-making process.
- 3. Existing CBOs can be classified in two broad categories on the basis of their nature; those self-help/interest groups and service organizations- those involved in providing services to smaller self-help or interest groups. The self-help groups are based on principle of self service to its members organized around on common interests. The self-help groups may include groups like child club, saving groups, women's group, and various users and management committees while Service CBOs may include those organizations formed by active group to provide services to local communities. The capacity needs of those two categories of groups should be viewed in their specific context of operation.
- 4. The present policy environment with the Plan Nepal although is very sound at principle levels, in practice is not necessarily empowering to the CBOs. Groups and organization stands as pillar of strategic principles in Plan Nepal's articulation. But when it is translated into practice CBOs rather become sub-contracting entities for supporting Plan in it's spending. The delegation of authority to CBOs is so limited that it becomes hard to resemble the relationship of partnership between CBOs and Plan Nepal.
- 5. Majority of the CBO members feel that the distinction made by the Plan Nepal between NGOs and CBOs privileges NGOs while discourages CBOs who may be able to work at par with NGO at grassroots level. CBOs, with the presumption that they benefit from the program itself are often deprived from basic operational cost which NGOs often enjoys from same task. Similarly, NGO are also empowered to employ technical staff from outside to carry extension and training work in the villages, which can be done by the CBOs themselves more effectively at lower cost. The relationship between NGOs and CBOs set within the context of Plan Nepal's policies is characterized by competitiveness than cooperation and mutual support.

- 6. Plan Nepal channelizes funds through CBOs for certain set programs that are not necessarily planned with the CBOs themselves at grassroots. Agreement for such fund channeling are not guided by any longer term perspective but done every year. The selection of the CBOs for certain task is also done in an arbitrary fashion often using the discretionary power of Plan staff, especially Technical Coordinators. Account keeping training provided by Plan Nepal comes within this framework of operation whereby CBO are required to produce expenditure accounts according to Plan's corporate procedures. Critically assessing, such training has very little to do with organizational strengthening of CBOs as such.
- 7. Except account keeping, Plan does not have systematic input for CBO capacity strengthening. There is a need for formulating a systematic plan for strengthening CBOs for democratizing civil society at grassroots level.
- 8. CBOs generally lack management skills, but some are working *at par* with technical NGOs. The skills for planning and implementing community projects by mobilizing the their members is the central capacity requirement of the CBOs. Capacity for planning, implementing and monitoring community programs can be developed through training as well as opportunity for actually doing the job. Experiences elsewhere have shown that training given without opportunity to practice is inevitable to fail. Entrusting CBOs with necessary funds and authority to implement community programs is also crucial to push decentralization to the local communities hence contributing to the devolution of power.
- 9. So far, CBO as well as Plan staffs themselves are not enough sensitization with regard to social inclusion of dalits and janajatis. This is also due to lack of such input from and orientation at higher level of management with in Plan. Inclusion of dalits and indigenous nationalities and women at grassroots groups, CBOs, and NGOs should be reinforced again and again as much as the inclusion of these people in the program benefits itself.
- 10. Sustainability of groups especially of service CBOs are highly uncertain because of lack of ability to compensate the time they voluntarily spent for community works. Service CBOs can be important partners to support many of the self-help groups in the villages who still require facilitation support. Service CBOs may be enabled to develop capacity of the self-help groups till the need exist for such support.

#### **6.2 Suggested Priority Action**

- 1. With the growth of various self-help and organic groups at the community level during last decades, there is an opportunity for Plan Nepal to begin recognizing multiple groups as CBOs for partnering at grassroots level.
- 2. Self-help organic groups currently, however, are not at the position to function independently without outside facilitation. Service CBOs at local levels should be strengthened to support these groups wherever they exist.
- 3. Current number and distribution of self-help groups and Service CBOs are uneven and concentrated more in relatively better off areas and groups. Service CBOs should

- also be supported to form such self-help groups to ensure adequate coverage of all population.
- 4. Plan should shift to multi-year agreement with CBOs from current annual mode. Current mode of sub-contracting on a piece meal basis is rather contrary and even harmful to capacity strengthening goal.
- 5. National NGO with specific technical expertise should complement only in "technical" aspect that CBO does not have. Their approach must strengthen CBOs rather than compete with them for resources distributed from Plan as currently is the case.
- 6. Service CBOs need to develop financial basis for compensating volunteers' time. Expectation for continuous voluntary time from its members is not practical. Service CBOs together with self-help groups wherever appropriate should also be entrusted to employ junior level technical staff.
- 7. Decentralization of greater authority to CBOs may include even hiring specialized NGOs according to their plan. This will require reversal of the current thinking of doing things to foster environment of getting decentralization of authority at grassroots levels.
- 8. There is a need to institutionalize support to village Service CBOs through outside Resource Agencies and Plan Nepal. Appropriate structure and mechanism should be developed so that a chain of support system can exist on sustainable basis.
- 9. Ensure that all Plan staffs at PUs, its partner NGOs and CBOs themselves have an common understanding of the concepts on CBO role, social inclusion and democratic principles to function.
- 10. Design systematic capacity strengthening input covering all capacity areas. A multiyear program for capacity development of CBOs at grassroots is essential for democratizing civil society at village level.

## Annex I Summary Tables of Inventory analysis of organizations in Plan Nepal's working district

Table 1.1 Summary of legal status of CBOs in Plan working areas

						No of	reported (	CBOs		
S.N.	Districts	Total VDCs	No of CBOs	No of NGOs	Plan Pa	artner	Non pa	artner	Total	
					No	%	No	%		
1	Banke	26	103	5	108	100			108	
				4 including one						
2	Bara	13	43	National NGO	45	95.7	2	4.3	47	
3	Makwanpur	10	32	1	32	97.0	1	3.0	33	
4	Morang	28	351		251	71.5	100	28.5	351	
5	Rautahat	22	111		99	89.2	12	10.8	111	
6	Sunsari	21	104		73	70.2	31	29.8	104	
7	Total				608	80.6	146	19.36	754	

Table 1.2. Summary of the types of organizations in Plan/Nepal's working areas

					-						Туре	es of o	organ	izatio	on			
District	71:317	Child club		Cooperatives Early childhood		development	development  CBOs for indigenous people		ODO: 5.2. 30150	CBOS IOF dallis	Management	committee		Oser's group	W	women groups	OD 55:	Service CBOs
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
Banke	11	10.2			2	1.9	2	1.9			7	6.5			2	1.9	74	68.
Bara	3	6.4	2	4.3					1	2.1					5	10.6	20	42.
Makwanpur	4	12.1	6	18.2							2	6.1			2	6.1	12	36.
Morang	35	10.0	20	5.7	28	8.0	2	0.6			163	46.4	17	4.8	11	3.1	53	15.
Rautahat	8	7.2	1	0.9	5	4.5			2	1.8	32	28.8	3	2.7	5	4.5	31	27.
Sunsari	1	1.0		0.0	21	20.2					4	3.8	2	1.9	24	23.1	35	33.
Total	62	8.2	29	3.8	56.0	7.4	4.0	0.5	3.0	0.4	208.0	27.6	22.0	2.9	49.0	6.5	225.0	29.
Field survey	, 200	)4																

Table 1.3. Summary of focused working areas of CBOs in Plan Nepal's working area

								Wor	king ar	eas		
S.N.	Districts	Chld r	right	Community forestry			king ter	Healt sanita			ture and stock	Infra
		No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No
1	Banke	102	94.4	27	25			13	12.0	2	1.9	2
2	Bara	11	23.4			2	4.3	8	17.0			10
3	Makwanpur	14	42.4	5	15.2	4	12.1	16	48.5	8	24.2	7
4	Morang	59	16.8	4	1.1	31	8.8	84	23.9	15	4.3	40
5	Rautahat	46	41.4	3	2.7	20	18.0	55	49.5	14	12.6	18
6	Sunsari	46	44.2	2	1.9	29	27.9	52	50.0	30	28.8	20

Summary of focused working areas of CBOs in Plan Nepal's working area (contd.)

			Working area													
S.N.	Districts	Coo	perative	Women	Women's group		man ghts	Envir	onment		come erating	7 01				
		No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	N				
1	Banke	2	1.9	2	1.9	2	1.9	8	7.4	4	3.7	]				
2	Bara	2	4.3	4	8.5	3	6.4	2	4.3	6	12.8					
3	Makwanpur	9	27.3	14	42.4	13	39.4	9	27.3	7	21.2	2				
4	Morang	19	5.4	11	3.1	15	4.3	28	8.0	22	6.3	2				
5	Rautahat	3	2.7	19	17.1	11	9.9	31	27.9	8	7.2	:				
6	Sunsari	7	6.7	18	17.3	7	6.7	12	11.5	29	27.9					

Field survey, 2004

Table 1.4. Summary of gender representation in CBOs

			NT 6	N. C		Gei	neral memb	oers			Exe
S.N.	Districts	VDCs	No of CBOs	No of NGOs	Fema	ale	Mal	le	Total	Fer	male
			CDOS	11005	No	%	No	%	Total	No	%
1	Banke	26	103	5	724	31.3	1499	64.8	2313	61	2.6
2	Bara	13	43	4	450	48.5	484	52.2	927	57	26.6
3	Makwanpur	10	32	1	3135	87.7	439	12.3	3574	57	37.7
4	Morang	28	351		12559	43.7	16201	56.3	28760	177	16.9
5	Rautahat	22	111		521	32.4	1082	67.4	1606	90	19.4
6	Sunsari	21	104		1082	56.7	815	42.7	1907	113	30.1

Table 1.5 Summary of social composition of Plan Nepal's working VDCs (Population by Caste/Ethnicity)

		N. C					Pop	ulatio	n distribu	tion i	n VDCs		
S.N.	Districts	No. of VDCs	Bahun/C	Chhetri	Newa	ar	Janaja	ati	Dalit	t	Musl	im	
		V D C S	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	7
1	Banke	26	44966	18	1283	1	63599	26	31871	13	49632	20	6
2	Bara	13	8122	7	931	1	20508	19	16598	15	18464	17	4
3	Makwanpur	10	10533	17	2605	4	45131	74	1967	3	36	0	
4	Morang	28	72753	23	9817	3	121160	38	26541	8	16271	5	7
5	Rautahat	22	13350	10	1075	1	17424	13	16561	13	16385	13	6
6	Sunsari	21	7808	5	2770	2	41574	27	19219	13	20855	14	5

Source: CBS,2001

Table 1.6. Summary of post holding by caste/ethnicity representation in CBOs executive Committees

						Post h	olding		
Caste/ethnicity	Sunsari (	district	Morang	Morang district		district	Makwa distr	-	Bara
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Bahun/chhetri	13	3.5	333	31.9	54	11.7	62	41.1	51
Dalit hill	5	1.3	3	0.3	2	0.4	1	0.7	4
Dalit terai	42	11.2	74	7.1	37	8			9
Janajati	118	31.4	219	21	13	2.8	73	48.3	43
Muslim	20	5.3	21	2	24	5.2			16
Newar	8	2.1	29	2.8	4	0.9	8	5.3	3
Other	3	0.8	19	1.8	4	0.9	5	3.3	
Terai hill caste	15	4	100	9.6	19	4.1			13
Terai middle caste	152	40.4	247	23.6	306	66.1	2	1.3	75
Total	376	100	1045	100	463	100	144	95.4	139

Table 1.7. Summary of populations and executive members of CBOs in the Plan Nepal's working district

			Population in VDCs and executive members										
		Total	Bahur	n/Cheetri	N	Newar	Ja	anajati	!	Dalit			
S.N.	District	VDCs	VDC (%)	Exe. Mem.(%)	VDC (%)	Exe. Mem.(%)	VDC (%)	Exe. Mem.(%)	VDC (%)	Exe. Mem.(%)	VD (%		
1	Bake	26	18	26.7	0.5	0.5	25.5	17.5	12.8	9.9	19.		
2	Bara	13	7.4	51	0.8	1.4	18.6	20.1	15.1	6.1	16.		
3	Makwanpur	10	17.4	41.1	4.3	5.3	74.4	48.3	3.2	0.7	0.1		
4	Morang	28	22.6	31.9	3	2.8	37.6	21	8.2	7.4	5		
5	Rautahat	22	10.3	11.4	0.8	0.9	13.5	2.8	12.8	8.4	12.		
6	Sunsari	21	5.1	3.5	1.8	2.1	27.4	31.4	12.7	12.5	13.		

Table 1.8. Summary of annual budget of CBOs

				Annual Budget (Rs)								
S.N.		NO of	No of CBOs with nill	Internal bu	dget	External bu	dget					
D.11.	Districts	CBOs	budget/N.A.	Rs	%	Rs	%	Total	Minim			
1	Bake	108	1	17019689	29.0	41573492	71.0	58593181	58,50			
2	Bara	47	13	1407687	5.0	26603970	95.0	28011657	6,500			
3	Makwanpur	33	4	4298813.8	25.4	12649436	74.7	16948250	550			
4	Morang	351	123	15309777	28.1	39117240	71.9	54427017	525			
5	Rautahat	111	20	9092694	32.6	18813923	67.4	27906617	900			
6	Sunsari	104	10	9046540	30.5	20638653	69.5	29685193	1,000			
7	Total	754	171	56175201	26.1	159396714	73.9	215571915	67,97			

Annex II: Summary tables on Capacity assessment of the organizations in Plan Nepal's working districts

Table 2.1. Partners and non partners CBOs

Districts	Partner organization	%	Non partner organizations	Percentage	Tota
Bake	17	43.59	22	56.41	39
Bara	25	78.13	7	21.88	32
Makwanpur	14	70	6	30	20
Morang	11	45.83	13	54.17	24
Rautahat	60	73.17	22	26.83	82
Sunsari	27	75	9	25	36
Total	154	66.1	79	33.9	233

Field survey, 2004

Table 2.2. Types of organization in Plan Nepal's working district

Table 2.2. Types			nsari distric		ing dist		Mor	ang distric	et		
Types of org.	Partner	%	Non partner	%	Total	Partner	%	Non partner	%	Total	Partner
СВО	6	85.7	1	14.3	7	1	50	1	50	2	3
Club											1

Children	2	50.0	2	50.0	4	6	75	2	25	8	1
MGT	1	100.0		0.0	1			4	100	4	
NGO	11	100.0		0.0	11			1	100	1	14
Saving/Credit			2	100.0	2	1	100			1	1
Youth club	4	66.7	2	33.3	6			2	100	2	5
UG	3	75.0	1	25.0	4	3	50	3	50	6	
Religious			1	100.0	1						
Total	27	75	9	25	36	11	45.8	13	54.2	24	25

Table 2.2. Types of organization in Plan Nepal's working district (contd.)

TD C	]	Raut	ahat dist	trict	_	Ma	akwa	npur di	stric	t		Bal	ke distri	ct	
Types of org.	Partner	%	Non partner	%	Total	Partner	%	Non partner	%	Total	Partner	%	Non partner	%	Total
СВО	5	62.5	3	37.5	8	3	75	1	25	4	3	27.3	8	72.7	11
Club													3	100.0	3
Children	4	80.0	1	20.0	5	1	100			1	9	81.8	2	18.2	11
MGT	14	93.3	1	6.7	15	1	100			1	1	####			1
NGO	20	76.9	6	23.1	26	2	50	2	50	4	3	60.0	2	40.0	5
Saving/Credit	1	33.3	2	66.7	3	4	57.1	3	42.9	7			6	100.0	6
Youth club	16	72.7	6	27.3	22	3	100			3	1	50.0	1	50.0	2
UG			3	100.0	3										
Religious															
Total	60	73.2	22	26.8	82	14	70	6	30	20	17	43.6	22	56.4	39

Table 2.3. Legal status of CBOs in the Plan Nepal's working districts

		Par	ntner organi	izatio	as		1		Non-	partner orga	anizat
District	Registered	%	Not registered	%	Not renewed	%	Total	Registered	%	Not registered	%
Makwanpur	11	78.6			3	21.4	14	4	66.7	2	33.3
Sunsari	23	85.2	3	11.1	1	3.7	27	7	77.8	2	22.2
Rautahat	46	76.7	10	16.7	4	6.7	60	21	95.5		0.0
Morang			11	100.0		100.0	11	7	53.8	6	46.2
Bake	8	47.1	8	47.1	1	5.9	17	3	13.6	18	81.8
Bara	21	84	3	12	1	4	25	3	42.9	4	57.1
Total	109	70.8	35	22.1	10	6.5	154	45	57.0	32	39.2

Table 2.4. Infrastructure (office building) of the organizations

			8			Parti	ner organizati	ons			
District	Self	%	Rent	%	Donation	%	Under construction	%	Not mentioned	%	
Bake	1	5.9	8	47.1	4	23.5			4	23.5	
Bara	4	16	8	32	1	4			12	48.0	
sunsari	11	40.7	10	37.0					6	22.2	
Morang	2	18.2	3	27.3					6	54.5	
Rautahat	15	25	14	23.3	13	21.7	2	3.3	16.0	26.7	
Makwanpur	3	21.4	7	50	3	21.4	1	7.1	_	0.0	
Total	36	23.4	50	32.5	21	14	3	1.9	44	6.5	

					Non j	partner	r organizations		
District	Self	%	Rent	%	Donation	%	Under construction	%	Not mentioned
Bake	1	4.5	3	13.6	1	4.5			17
Bara	1	14.3	1	14.3					5
sunsari	1	11.1	1	11.1	2	22.2			5
Morang	5	38.5	1	7.7		0			7
Rautahat	4	18.2	4	18.2	2	9.1	1	4.5	11
Makwanpur	1	16.7	3	50		0		0	2
Total	13	16.5	13	16.5	5	6.3	1	1.3	3

**Table 2.5. Infrastructure of the organizations** 

Districts						Partne	er organi	izatio	ns		
Districts	Computer	%	Furniture	%	Telephone	%	Fax	%	Cycle	%	Motorcycle
Bake	2	11.8	6		3	17.6			2	11.8	
Bara	2	8	16	64	2	8	3	12	13	52.0	4
Sunsari			21	77.8	3	11.1			2	7.4	2
Morang											
Rautahat	1	1.67	52	86.7	2	3.33	1	1.7			4
Makwanpur	1	7.14	12	85.7	1	7.14					1
Total	6	3.9	107	69.5	11	7.14	4	2.6	17	11.0	11

Table 2.6. Inclusiveness in general members

District					Partner	organizations				
District	Male	%	Female	%	Total	Janajati	%	Dalit	%	To
Bake	244	59.5	165	40.2	410	156	38	64	15.6	41
Bara	290	56.4	225	43.8	514	313	60.9	80	15.6	51
Makwanpur	500	18.3	2177	79.5	2737	752	32.2	119	5.1	27
Morang	218	38.9	243	43.3	561	328	58.5	165	29.4	56
Rautahat	1312	73.3	478	26.7	1790	3142	175.5	348	19.4	179
Sunsari	334	65.5	166	32.5	510	358	70.2	92	18	51
Total	2898	44.4	3454	53	6522	5049	77.4	868	13.3	65
				Non par	tner orgai	nizations				
Bake	530	30.8	941	54.7	1721	640	37.2	670	38.9	17
Bara	87	61.7	51	36.2	141	99	23.9	35	8.5	14
Makwanpur	86	8.4	933	91.6	1019	675	66.2	35	3.4	10
Morang	870	51	836	49	1706	1055	61.8	431	25.3	170
Rautahat	673	56.4	522	43.7	1194	867	72.6	276	23.1	119
Sunsari	552	55.5	432	43.5	994	672	67.6	120	12.1	99
Total	2798	41.3	3715	54.8	6775	4008	59.2	1567	23.1	67'

Table 2.7. Caste/ethnicity composition of executive members

District	Hill Caste	%	Dalit Hill	%	Dalit Terai	%	Janajati	%	Muslim	%	Newar	%	Terai High Caste	%	Terai
Sunsari	58	18.8	3	1.0	21	6.8	73	23.6	16	5.2	7	2.3	8	2.6	
Morang	58	27.4		0.0	53	25.0	69	32.5		0.0	1	0.5	6	2.8	
Makwanpur	91	46.0	1	0.5		0.0	92	46.5		0.0	8	4.0	1	0.5	
Rautahat	89	12.6	9	1.3	35	4.9	44	6.2	35	4.9	14	2.0	33	4.7	
Bara	53	19.2		0.0	12	4.3	44	15.9	30	10.9	2	0.7	10	3.6	
Bake	88	30.0	16	5.5	18	6.1	57	19.5	11	3.8	5	1.7	5	1.7	
Total	437	21.9	29	1.5	139	7	379	19	92	4.6	37	1.9	63	3.2	

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Table 2.8. Summary of leadership in executive members

								Non pa	rtner	organ	izati	ons	<b>T</b>		1
District	Bahun/Chettri	%	Dalit hill	%	Dalit terai	%	Janajati	%	Muslim	%	Newar	%	Others	%	Tera higl cast
Sunsari	12	44.4					3	11.1					4	14.8	
Morang	11	42.3			2	7.7	10	38.5							
Makwanpur	13	72.2				0.0	4	22.2					1	5.6	
Rautahat	9	14.1			2	3.1	5	7.8	3	4.7	3	4.7	6	9.4	3
Bara							3	20.0	1	6.7			3	20.0	1
Bake	18	30.5	4	6.8	2	3.4	6	10.2	4	6.8			9	15.3	1
Total	63	30.1	4	1.9	6	2.9	31	14.8	8	3.8	3	1.4	23	11.0	5
						]	 Partr	ner orga	anizat	ions					
Sunsari	5	7.8			5	7.8	11	17.2	5	7.8	3	4.7	1	1.6	3
Morang	6	23.0			9	35.6	8	30.8					3	11.5	
Makwanpur	14	36.8					20	52.6			4	10.5			
Rautahat	15	9.9	2	1.3	8	5.3	5	3.3	10	6.6	1	0.7	13	8.6	9
Bara	18	28.1					14	21.9	11	17.2			2	3.1	3
Bake	25	55.6			3	6.7	7	15.6	1	2.2			2	4.4	1
Total	90	21	2	1	50	11	77	17.5	27	6.2	9	2.1	24	5.5	16

Table 2.9. Clarity of vision and purpose of organization

District	Group has no articulated vision	%	Only few leaders share the vision	%	Most members vaguely share the vision	%	All member
Morang			7	29.2	10	41.7	7
Sunsari			5	13.9	8	22.2	23
Makwanpur			5	25.0	11	55.0	4
Rautahat			5	6.1	37	45.1	40
Bara	1	3.1	1	3.1	15	46.9	15
Bake	2	5.1	9	23.1	7	17.9	21
Total	3	1.29	32	13	88	37.8	110

Table 2.10. Summary of clarity of vision and purpose of organisation

				Partne	er organizations		
District	Group has no articulated vision	%	Only few leaders share the vision	%	Most members vaguely share the vision	%	All membershare the vis
Sunsari			3	11.1	5	18.5	19
Morang			5	45.5	5	45.5	1
Rautahat			4	6.7	27	45	29
Bara	1	4	1	4	12	48	11
Bake	2	11.8	3	17.6	4	23.5	8
Makwanpur			3	21.4	9	64.3	2
Total	3	1.9	19	12.3	62	40.3	70
			Non partr	er orga	anizations		
Sunsari			2	22.2	3	33.3	4
Morang			2	15.4	5	38.5	6
Rautahat			1	4.5	10	45.5	11
Bara					3	42.9	4
Bake			6	27.3	3	13.6	13
Makwanpur			2	33.3	2	33.3	2
Total			12	15	26	32.9	40

Table 2.11. Summary of participants on different trainings by sex

			Sex		
Districts	F	emale	N	Male	
	Total	Percentage	Total	Percentage	Tota
Banke	516	55.3	417	44.7	933
Bara	338	41.4	479	58.6	817
Makwanpur	390	70.0	167	30.0	557
Morang	79	54.1	67	45.9	146
Rautahat	338	20.5	1312	79.5	1650
Sunsari	135	31.8	290	68.2	425
Total	1796	39.7	2732	60.3	4528

Table 2.12. Summary of total participants on different trainings by districts

					Т	otal pa	rticipants		
Related field of training	Banke d	listrict	Bara di	istrict	Makwa distr	-	Morang	district	Rauta distri
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Agri/livestock	154	16.5	18	2.2	25	4.5	15	10.3	46
Blop			3	0.4			2	1.4	2
Bookkeeping/budget analysis	74	7.9	88	10.8	38	6.8	39	26.7	123
Capacity building	228	24.4	150	18.4	163	29.3	26	17.8	289
Child focused programme	78	8.4	145	17.7	8	1.4	17	11.6	247
Dev communication	48	5.1	13	1.6	70	12.6	3	2.1	156
Gender/trafficking/HIV aids	136	14.6	114	14.0	140	25.1	18	12.3	277
Env/health/sanitation	95	10.2	144	17.6	2	0.4	21	14.4	262
Legal-literacy-parliamentary method			2	0.2					
NFE	11	1.2	28	3.4	7	1.3	5	3.4	71
PRA /social analysis	15	1.6	39	4.8	31	5.6			60
Proposal writing/report writing	17	1.8	42	5.1	6	1.1			9
Saving credit	28	3.0	10	1.2	33	5.9			16
skill dev/livelihood	49	5.3	21	2.6	34	6.1			73
Total	933	100	817	100	557	100	146	100	19

**Table 2.13. Formation of executive committee** 

Districts	By election		By selection		Discussion	and consensus	Total
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	5	12.8	5	12.8	29	74.4	39
Bara	2	6.3	3	9.4	27	84.4	32
Makwanpur	2	10.0			18	90.0	20
Morang					24	100.0	24
Rautahat	9	11.0	7	8.5	66	80.5	82
Sunsari	7	19.4	1	2.8	28	77.8	36
Total	25	10.7	16	6.9	192	82.4	233

Table 2.14. Continuity and changes in the leadership/executive committees

Districts	Same from th	e beginning	Mixed old a	nd new	New lead		
Districts	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Т
Banke	13	33.3	23	59.0	3	7.7	
Bara	5	15.6	25	78.1	2	6.3	
Makwanpur	2	10	18	90			
Morang	5	20.8	18	75	1	4.2	
Rautahat	31	37.8	42	51.2	9	11.0	
Sunsari	8	22.2	27	75	1	2.8	
Total	64	27.47	153	65.67	16	6.87	2

**Table 2.15. Frequency of executive committee meetings** 

Districts	Week	ly	Fortnightly		Mont	thly	Bimo	nthly	Quart	erly	Half-y
Districts	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Banke	3	7.7	7	17.9	26	66.7	2	5.1			1
Bara	1	3.1	6	18.8	22	68.8	1	3.1	2	6.25	
Makwanpur			4	20.0	16	80.0					
Morang					10	41.7	7	29.2	5	20.8	1
Rautahat	2	2.4	5	6.1	50	61.0	15	18.3	9	11.0	1
Sunsari	1	2.8	5	13.9	22	61.1	8	22.2			
Total	7	3.0	27	11.6	146	62.7	33	14.2	16	6.9	3

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Table 2.16. Regularity of executive committee meetings

District	Not regular	%	Regular but few members participate	%	Regular and majority participate	%	Regul member
Banke	3	7.7	1	2.6	14	35.9	
Bara	1	3.1	1	3.1	13	40.6	
Makwanpur			2	10	14	70	
Morang			1	4.2	17	70.8	
Rautahat	1	1.2	4	4.9	40	48.8	
Sunsari	5	13.9	3	8.3	15	41.7	
Total	10	4.3	12	5.2	113	48.1	

Table 2.17. Minutes/proceedings of the meetings maintained and available

District	No minutes kept	%	Yes, but not sufficient	%	Yes, most members know it	%	All members are aware of minutes and decisions are reviewed
Banke	3	7.7	4	10.3	7	17.9	25
Bara					7	21.9	25
Makwanpur					10	50	10
Morang			1	4.2	17	70.8	6
Rautahat					24	29.3	58
Sunsari			3	8.3	14	38.9	19
Total	3	1.3	8	3	79	33.9	143

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Table 2.18. Decision making process

District	By selected one or two	%	Ry a fow	%	By the meetings but only a few members participate	0/0	By discussions participation of	
	leaders		ciccica icadeis		in the process		members	
Banke			6	15.4	5	12.8	28	
Bara			1	3.1	1	3.1	30	
Makwanpur					4	20	16	
Morang			3	12.5	7	29.2	14	
Rautahat			4	4.9	5	6.1	73	
Sunsari			1	2.8	3	8.3	32	
Total			15	6.01	25	10.73	193	

Table 2.19. Clear financial and administrative regulations approved by general assembly or executive board

District	No formal policies	%	Exists few policies but many members do not know	%	Have clear policies but only a few members know	%	all n kno fe
Banke	6	15.4	3	7.7	7	17.9	
Bara	4	12.5	6	18.8	3	9.4	
Makwanpur			1	5	8	40	
Morang	8	33.3			6	25	
Rautahat	1	1.2	2	2.4	14	17.1	
Sunsari			1	2.8	10	27.8	
Total	19	8.2	13	5.2	48	20.6	

Table 2.20. Divisions of responsibilities/tasks among members

District	No tasks division	%	Yes, but not clear to all	%	Yes, but not followed	%	Clear and carried o
Banke	1	2.56			6	15.4	32
Bara			1	3.1	3	9.4	28
Makwanpur					6	30	14
Morang			1	4.2	9	37.5	14
Rautahat	2	2.44			6	7.3	74
Sunsari	3	8.33	2	5.6	3	8.3	28
Total	6	2.58	4	0.86	33	14.16	190

 $\ \, \textbf{Table 2.21. Summary of major disputes within the organizations} \\$ 

					Ту	pes of o	rganizatio	ons
Disputes	Banke district		Bara district		Makwanpur district		Morang	district
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%
Absence in meeting/accountable	5	19.2	5	18.5	8	20		
Decision making	3	11.5	10	37.0	8	20	7	58.3
Executive formation/post holding	2	7.7	1	3.7	2	5		
Financial	7	26.9	4	14.8	S	35	5	41.7
Insufficient no of programme	1	3.8		0.0				
Lack of cooperation/communication	1	3.8	2	7.4	5	12.5		
Mgt/leadership			5	18.5	2	5	2	16.7
Participation/labour contribution	3	11.5					2	16.7
Resource distribution/mobilization	4	15.4	3	11.1			2	16.7
Transparency					1	2.5		
Total	26	100.0	27	100.0	40	100	12	100.0

Table 2. 22. The dispute management/conflict resolution in the groups

District	No such mechanism exists		Resolved through outside mediation			naged by a few ed leaders	Resolved by dis among mem	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	
Banke	15	38.5			3	7.7	21	
Bara	10	31.3			1	3.1	21	
Makwanpur	1	5	1	5	1	5	17	
Morang	2	8.3			2	8.3	20	
Rautahat	23	28.0	2	2.4	2	2.4	55	
Sunsari	3	8.3			2	5.6	31	
Total	54	23.2	3	1.29	11	4.72	165	

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Table 2.23. Financial records and accounting

Table 2.23. 1 h	Humerum rece	n us unu ut	counting						
District		No proper record exists		Yes, but insufficient		s kept for ry purpose	Records are maintained properly		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	3	7.7	1	2.6	2	5.1	33	84.6	
Bara	$T_{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline$		1	3.1	2		29		
Makwanpur							20	100	
Morang					4	16.7	20	83.3	
Rautahat	1	1.2	2	2.4	3	3.7	76	92.7	
Sunsari	2	5.6	2	5.6	3	8.3	29	80.6	
Total	6	2.58	6	2.58	14	6.0	207	88.84	

Table 2.24. Financial records and accounting ( Partner organizations VS non partner organizations)

				Par	tner organiza	tion		
District	No prope exis		Yes, but in	Yes, but insufficient		kept for purpose	Records are maintain properly	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%
Banke	1	5.9	1	5.9	1	5.9	14	82.4
Bara			1	4	1	4	23	92
Makwanpur							14	100
Morang			2	18.2			9	81.8
Rautahat			3	5			57	95
Sunsari	1	3.7	1	3.7			25	92.6
Total	2	1.3	8	4.5	2	1.3	142	92.2
				Non partner o	organization			
Banke	1	4.5	1	4.5	1	4.5	19	86.4
Bara					1	14.3	6	85.7
Makwanpur							6	100
Morang					2	15.4	11	84.6
Rautahat					3	13.6	19	86.4
Sunsari	1	11.1	1	11.1	3	33.3	4	44.4
Total	2	2.5	2	1.3	10	12.7	65	82.3

Table 2.25. Regular annual audit and proper record available

District		Yes, records are available		Yes, but not regular		rate auditing	Funding	Funding agencie	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	q	
Banke	28	71.8	5	12.8	3	7.7	3	7	
Bara	25	78.1	3	9.4	3	9.4	1	3	
Makwanpur	15	75.0	1	5.0			4	20	
Morang	11	45.8	3	12.5	10	41.7			
Rautahat	59	72.0	14	17.1	3	3.7	6	7	
Sunsari	30	83.3	2	5.6	3	8.3	1	2	
Total	168	72.1	28	7.7	22	9.4	15	6.	

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Table 2.26. Situation of internal resource mobilization

District	No regular levy from members		Regular levy from members		Saving is inv	Invested as loan collectiv		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	
Banke	17	43.6	8	20.5	8	20.5	6	
Bara	10	31.3	12	37.5	1	3.1	9	
Makwanpur	8	40	3	15	8	40	1	
Morang	20	83.3	3	12.5			2	
Rautahat	31	37.8	33	40.2	4	4.9	14	
Sunsari	12	33.3	23	63.9			1	
Total	98	37.77	82	35.19	21	9.01	33	

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Table 2.27. Situation of internal resource mobilization (partner organizations vs. non partner organizations)

gwaran (10110)	Partner										
District	No regular levy from members		Regular levy from members		Saving is invested as loan to members		Invested as loan collectiv				
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total				
Banke	10	58.8	5	29.4			2				
Bara	7	28	11	44	1	4	6				
Makwanpur	7	46.7	3	20	5	33.3					
Morang	10	90.9					1				
Rautahat	16	25	25	39.1	3	4.7	10				
Sunsari	8	29.6	19	70.4							

Total	68	39	63	39.6	9	5.7	19	
				No	n partner			
Banke	7	31.8	3	13.6	8	36.4	4	
Bara	4	44.4	1	11.1	1	11.1	3	
Makwanpur	2	25	1	12.5	4	50	1	
Morang	9	69.2	3	23.1		0	1	
Rautahat	7	31.8	9	40.9	1	4.5	5	
Sunsari	5	50	4	40	1	10		
Total	31	36.9	21	25	15	17.9	14	

Table 2.28. Mobilization of non-financial resources (viz. labour, time, suggestions, physical assets, etc.)

District	In a regu	In a regular basis		Occasionally		Once or twice		No such support received	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	14	35.9	11	28.2	7	17.9	7	17.9	39
Bara	17	53.1	12	37.5	2	6.3	1	3.1	32
Makwanpur	5	25.0	12	60.0	2	10	1	5	20
Morang	2	8.3	12	50	8	33.3	2	8.3	24
Rautahat	25	30.5	43	52.4	8	9.8	6	7.3	82
Sunsari	11	30.6	16	44.4	9	25			36
Total	74	31.8	106	45.5	36	9.4	17	7.3	233

Table 2.29. Types of non-financial supports received by organizations

District	Physical mate constructi	Labour con when no		Regular suggestions/counselin		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%
Banke	5	12.8	7	17.9	26	66.7
Bara	4	12.5	12	37.5	16	50.0
Makwanpur	8	30.8	8	30.8	10	38.5
Morang			15	62.5	8	33.3
Rautahat	13	13.7	24	25.3	53	55.8
Sunsari	5	13.9	7	19.4	25	69.4
Total	35	13.89	73	28.97	138	46.43

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Table 2.30. Activities (traditional community development and others) without outside funding

District	No, not yet			itional community pment works	Some new	Organi ou	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Banke	14	35.9	11	28.2	6	15.4	8
Bara	5	15.6	15	46.9	8	25.0	4
Makwanpur	5	25.0	5	25.0	8	40.0	2
Morang	11	45.8	5	20.8	3	12.5	5
Rautahat	13	15.9	28	34.1	30	36.6	11
Sunsari	7	19.4	16	44.4	5	13.9	8
Total	55	23.6	80	33.91	60	25.75	38

Table 2.31. Summary of the social movement undertaken by organizations

	Types of organizations										
social movement	Banke district		Bara d	listrict	Makwanpur district		Morang district		Rautahat dis		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	9	
birth registration/ child rights	7	21.2	17	29.3	5	25	1	9.1	61	33	
education	4	12.1	4	6.9	2	10	1	9.1	14	7	
env/health/ sanitation	8	24.2	16	27.6	1	5	6	54.5	62	34	
gender/HIV AIDS/trafficking	6	18.2	13	22.4	8	40	1	9.1	30	16	
human rights/ empowerment	7	21.2	3	5.2	1	5					
peace rally	1	3.0									
social awareness			4	6.9	3	15	1	9.1	13	7	
others			1	1.7			1	9.1	1	0	
Total	33	100.0	58	100.0	20	100	11	100.0	181	10	

Total
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Table 2.32. Summary of programmes undertaken by organizations

		Types of organizations										
Programme	Banke	district	Bara o	district		vanpur trict	Morang	Morang district				
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%				
Agri/livestock	5	8.2	1	2.3	5	11.1	2	9.1				
Birth registration/child rights					2	4.4						
Blop					1	2.2	2	9.1				
Capacity building	4	6.6				0.0						
Dev communication	2	3.3	3	6.8	4	8.9						
ECCD/child club	18	29.5	4	9.1	13	28.9	8	36.4				
Education/schoolarship	1	1.6	4	9.1	4	8.9	2	9.1				
Env/health/sanitation	1	1.6	7	15.9			2	9.1				
Gender/trafficking	6	9.8	3	6.8	4	8.9						
Ifrastructure			3	6.8		0.0						
NFE	3	4.9	10	22.7	1	2.2						
Others	6	9.8			1	2.2	3	13.6				
Saving credit/cooperatives	6	9.8	5	11.4	5	11.1						
School infra			3	6.8	3	6.7	3	13.6				
Skill dev/ livelihood	7	11.5	1	2.3	1	2.2						
Social awarness	2	3.3			1	2.2						
Total	61	100.0	44	100.0	45	100.0	22	100.0				

Table 2.33. Access to and availability of outside resources/funding

No access and has not tried for it			Tried to get some but failed		Occasionally, not regular		Receiving such supports regularly		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	8	20.5	6	15.4	11	28.2	14	35.9	
Bara	3	9.4	6	18.8	16	50.0	7	21.9	
Makwanpur	2	10.0	2	10.0	8	40.0	8	40.0	
Morang	3	12.5	3	12.5	8	33.3	10	41.7	
Rautahat			18	22.0	39	47.6	25	30.5	
Sunsari	5	13.9	13	36.1	10	27.8	8	22.2	
Total	21	9.01	48	20.6	89	38.2	72	30.9	

Field survey, 2004

Table 2.34. Networking with other larger networks, federation, etc

District			Yes, but not touc		Sharing in occasi	Regular sharing such n	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Banke	8	20.5	13	33.3	8	20.5	10
Bara	2	6.3	11	34.4	12	37.5	7
Makwanpur	3	15.0	4	20.0	7	35.0	6
Morang	14	58.3	3	12.5	5	20.8	2
Rautahat	24	29.3	22	26.8	22	26.8	14
Sunsari	10	27.8	6	16.7	11	30.6	9
Total	61	26.18	45	19.31	65	27.9	48

Field survey, 2004

Table 2.35. Partnership of organizations with different stakeholders

		Summary of partner organizations											
Districts	NGO	%	INGO	%	Gos	%	Private organization	%	UN- bodies	%	others		
Banke	40	42.1	33	34.7	16	16.8			3	3.2	3		
Bara	25	34.2	28	38.4	19	26.0					1		
Makwanpur	23	50.0	14	30.4	9	19.6				ı			
Morang	6	17.1	16	45.7	11	31.4				ı	2		
Rautahat	26	28.3	61	66.3					2	2.2	3		
Sunsari	13	16.7	41	52.6	18	23.1	3	3.8	1	1.3	2		

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 2.36 A viability of action plans for all the activities that organization are carrying out now \\ \end{tabular}$ 

District		plan for all	No such	action plan	Only few activities have action plan			Do not know about action plan	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	22	56.4	1	2.6	15	38.5	1	2.6	Ī
Bara	26	81.3	2	6.3	4	12.5			Ī
Makwanpur	12	60.0	2	10.0	6	30.0			Ī
Morang	21	87.5	1	4.2	2	8.3			Ī
Rautahat	63	76.8	3	3.7	15	18.3	1	1.2	Ī
Sunsari	24	66.7	2	5.6	9	25.0	1	2.8	Ī
Total	168	72.1	11	4.7	51	21.9	3	1.3	Ī

Table 2.37. Identification of goals and objectives of the organizations

District	Set by donors or outsiders		1 -		Set by the majority of members		Set in a participatory wa by all members		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	15	38.5	9	23.1	3	7.7	12	30.8	
Bara	4	12.5	1	3.1	7	21.9	20	62.5	
Makwanpur	3	15.0	1	5.0	3	15.0	13	65.0	
Morang	16	66.7			1	4.2	7	29.2	
Rautahat	7	8.5	8	9.8	14	17.1	53	64.6	
Sunsari	3	8.3	7	19.4	4	11.1	21	58.3	
Total	48	20.6	18	7.7	32	13.7	126	54.1	

Table 2.38 Identification of goals and objectives of the organizations ( partner vs. non partner)

		Partner								
District	•	Set by donors or outsiders		ders of mittee		Set by the majority of members  Set in participator by all men				
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%		
Banke	6	35.3	3	17.6	2	11.8	6	35.3		
Bara	3	12.0	1	4.0	5	20.0	16	64.0		
Makwanpur	2	14.3	1	7.1	2	14.3	9	64.3		
Morang	11	100.0								
Rautahat	6	10.0	4	6.7	8	13.3	42	70.0		
Sunsari	1	3.8	3	11.5	3	11.5	19	73.1		
Total	29	19	12	7.8	20	13.1	92	60.1		
			No.	on partn	ier					
Banke	12	46.2	6	23.1	2	7.7	6	23.1		
Bara	1	14.3			2	28.6	4	57.1		
Makwanpur	1	16.7			1	16.7	4	66.7		
Morang	5	38.5			1	7.7	7	53.8		
Rautahat	1	4.5	4	18.2	6	27.3	11	50.0		
Sunsari	1	11.1	5	55.6	1	11.1	2	22.2		
Total	21	25.3	15	18	13	15.7	34	41		

**Table 2.39 Implementation of planned activities** 

District	Not very	effective	Yes, but few activities onl		According to plan but delayed		All activities are running as per planning		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Banke	6	15.8	11	28.9	4	10.5	17	44.7	
Bara			3	9.1	2	6.1	28	84.8	
Makwanpur			5	25.0	1	5.0	14	70.0	
Morang			8	33.3	4	16.7	12	50	
Rautahat	2	2.4	13	15.9	4	4.9	63	76.8	
Sunsari	2	5.6	10	27.8	4	11.1	20	55.6	
Total	10	4.29	41	17.6	19	8.2	154	66.1	

Field survey, 2004

Table 2.40. Monitoring and evaluation of the programs and management of learning

District	No such monitoring of the program			onitor the gram	Organisa but not	Organisation monitoring an lear		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	
Banke	3	7.7	8	20.5	4	10.3	24	
Bara			10	31.3	6	18.8	16	
Makwanpur	1	5	2	10.0	9	45.0	8	
Morang			6	25	8	33.3	10	
Rautahat	2	2.4	24	29.3	9	11.0	47	
Sunsari			10	27.8	7	19.4	19	
Total	6	2.6	53	22.75	43	18.5	124	

Field survey, 2004

Table 2.41. Required skills and knowledge in the organization to plan and implement the

programs

District	No trained staffs or members			are trained but skills itilized properly	Skills and k	Skill utiliz	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Banke	2	5.1	11	28.2	12	30.8	14
Bara	5	15.6	1	3.1	18	56.3	8
Makwanpur			6	30.0	11	55.0	3
Morang	4	16.7		0	14	58.3	6
Rautahat	4	4.9	7	8.5	48	58.5	23
Sunsari	7	19.4	5	13.9	13	36.1	11
Total	22	9.44	30	9.9	116	49.8	65

Table 2.42. Effects and impacts of the program in general as perceived by members of the

	•	4 •
orgai	nıza	tions

District	No such effects or impacts have been visible Few impacts, but not to problem solving level				Few impacts have been apparent		Some dire
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Т
Banke	3	7.7	5	12.8	9	23.1	
Bara	1	3.1	2	6.3	15	46.9	
Makwanpur	1	5.0	1	5.0	8	40.0	
Morang			2	8.3	10	41.7	
Rautahat	7	8.5	5	6.1	29	35.4	
Sunsari	4	11.1	4	11.1	13	36.1	
Total	16	6.9	19	8.2	84	36.1	

Total166.9198.28436Table 2.43. Impacts of child centred programs in the community, as perceived by the members

District	No such	impacts	A few examples, but not effective		Direct impacts	Not effective a genuinely	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total
Banke	2	5.1	12	30.8	18	46.2	7
Bara	1	3.1	9	28.1	15	46.9	7
Makwanpur			12	60.0	6	30.0	2
Morang	1	4.2	18	75	4	16.7	1
Rautahat	5	6.1	29	35.4	37	45.1	11
Sunsari	1	2.8	15	41.7	9	25.0	11
Total	10	4.29	32	13.73	89	38.2	39

Table 2.44 Focus areas for the overall capacity building and institutionalizing of the

organization

Focus area	Bake d	istrict	t Bara district		Makwanpur district		Rautahat district		Morang district		
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	
Agri/livestock	1	2.6							2	8.3	
Awareness	6	15.4	1	3.1	2	10.0					
Bookkeeping	13	33.3	14	43.8	1	5.0	24	29.3	6	25.0	
Capacity building/skill dev	5	12.8	3	9.4	2	10.0	9	11.0	6	25.0	
Computer					1	5.0	3	3.7			
Counseling							1	1.2			
ECCD	3	7.7					9	11.0			
Communication training/dev journalism			1	3.1			1	1.2			
Tot	4	10.3					4	4.9			
Educ tour	1	2.6	1	3.1	1	5.0	4	4.9	1	4.2	
contd.											

contd.

Field survey, 2004

Table 2.45 Focus areas for the overall capacity building and institutionalizing of the

organization (contd.)

Focus area	Bake d	istrict	Bara district Makwa				Morang district			
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%
Facilitation /mediation	2	5.1	1	3.1			6	7.3		
Financial support			1	3.1			2	2.4		
Group mgt			1	3.1	4	20.0				
Gender	7	17.9			5	25.0	2	2.4		
Interaction/united/ cooperation			7	21.9	3	15.0	2	2.4		
Health/environment							4	4.9	1	4.2
Judiciary/law	2	5.1								
Leadership	8	20.5	18	56.3	14	70.0	32	39.0	8	33.3
Mgt	8	20.5	14	43.8	6	30.0	45	54.9	5	20.8
Monitoring/evolution/ planning			4	12.5						
PRA			7	21.9			6	7.3		
Proposal/report writing	5	12.8	9	28.1	1	5.0	30	36.6		
Resource mobilization	2	5.1								
SORT			3	9.4						
Saving/credit							2	2.4	6	25.0
Workshop/seminar	1	2.6								

Field survey, 2004

#### Annex 3

Capacity Assessment of Community Organizations

Assessment Questionnaire

Name of the Respondent/s:

### A. Background Information

- 1. Name of the organisation:
- 2. Address of main office (VDC/Ward):
- 3. Formal registration:

Yes, (registered in the year)	Yes, but not renewed on time	No	In the process
-------------------------------	------------------------------	----	----------------

	Training 7	Title		With Tr	aining received
				Male	Female
6. Infrastructure:					
Facilities	Yes	No	Remark	S	
Office Premise					
Furniture					
Telephone Fax					
Computer					
Vehicles					
Others					
	177.1	• ,•			
B. Organizational					
/. 5. Mission stat	tement (or main o	objectives of the organi	sation):		
					_
8. 6. Clarity of V	ision and Purpos	e			
a) Group h	nas no articulated	vision			
	w leaders share t				
	embers vaguely s nbers share the v				
,		151011			
C. Governance ar					
9. Total number	of general memb	ers?			
Total	Male	Female	Ethnic gr	oups	Dalits

10. General A	ssembly,	once a yea	r and regular:						
Yes, and regul	lar	Not regu	lar	Not at	all				
11. Formation	11. Formation of executive committee:								
By election	By selecti	on Discu	ssion and Cons	sensus	Others, p	lease spe	cify		
12. List of cur	rent exec	utive com	mittee (Specify	gender	and caste/	ethnicity)	)?		
1			8	3					
29									
3									
4	4								
5		••••							
6		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
7			14	4					
13. Is the lead	lership sti	ll the found	der or has there	been a	transition	?			
Same leadersh	ip from	Mixed		New lo	eadership	I	Rema	rks	
the beginning									
						ļ			
D. Internal M	Ianageme	ent							
14. How ofter	14. How often executive board meet?								
Once a week	Fortnig	htly	Once a month	In tv	VO	Quarterl	y	Yearly	

# 15. Executive Committee Meetings

- a) Meetings are not regular
- b) Meetings are regular but few members participate
- c) Meetings are regular and most members participate
- d) Meetings are regular and all members participate

### 16. Minutes/proceedings maintained and available?

- a) No minutes are kept
- b) Minutes are kept but not sufficient
- c) Minutes are kept and most members know
- d) All members are aware of the minutes and decisions are reviewed

months

17. Ho	ow are decisions made?
a)	Decisions are taken by selected one or two leaders
b)	Decisions are taken by elected one or two leaders
c)	Decisions are taken in the meeting but with participation of few members
d)	Decisions are taken in the meeting with high participation of members
	e there clear policies (written and approved by general assembly or executive board) with gard to fiscal and administrative rules and regulation?
a)	No formal policies
b)	Exist some policies but many members do not know
c)	Have clear policies but only some members know
d)	All members know the rules including sanctions for following the rule
19. Do	the organization have division of task among members?
a)	Division of task do not exist
b)	Division of task exist but not clear to all
c)	Division of task exist but do not act accordingly
d)	Divisions of task are clear and carried out accordingly
20. WI	hat kind of conflicts appears in the CBO/NGDOs?
a)	
b)	
(۵	
C)	

- a) There is no mechanism for resolution
- b) Conflicts are resolved through outside mediation
- c) Conflicts are resolved by respected leaders
- d) Conflicts are resolved by discussion with in the group
- 22. Financial records/accounting
  - a) No records

- b) Records are kept insufficiently
- c) Records kept for temporary purpose
- d) Records are maintained properly
- 23. Are financial audit produced on annually?

Yes, regularly	Yes, but not regularly	No	

#### E. Resource Mobilization

- 24. Do you mobilize financial resource from among the group members?
  - a) No
  - b) Regular funds are collected from among the members
  - c) Funds are used for credit to members
  - d) Funds are used for credits to members and some community works
- 25. Do group/organization implement self-help activities without external funds?
  - a) No
  - b) Yes, but traditional self-help activities
  - c) Yes, some new self-help activities are carried out
  - d) Yes, group regularly plan and implement self-help activities
- 26. Do you have access to external financial resources?
  - a) No, have not known or tried to receive
  - b) Tried to get but failed
  - c) Have received some external funding but irregular
  - d) Receive regularly
- 27. What was your organization's last year budget and sources?

Source	Amount
Membership and levy	
Group contribution	
Donors funding	
Government Funding	
Professional services	
Others	

28. I	Have you received funding from other don	ors includi	ng governi	ment exce	ept Plan Nep	oal?
8	n)					
ł	o)					
(	c)					
C	i)					
F. Li	inkages and Networks					
29. I	Oo you have linkages with other link-mend	ded organiz	zations/gro	ups or net	tworks?	
8	n) No linkages					
ł	b) Linkages with few organizations/group	s irregular	contact			
(	e) Regular contacts and sharing with few	C				
	d) Multiple contacts and regular sharing					
30. V	Working partnership with other external re Organisations/Institutions	source org	anisation/s		y of Contac	
DIA	Organisations/ institutions		Regular		y of Contac ccasional	Single
1						
2						
2 3 4						
	rograms and Results	I				
31. /	Area and households covered:					
	Coverage		Number			
	Village/cluster/settlement/toles					
	of HHs					
No. o	of ward					
VDC	,					
32. (	Currently running projects/activities	1				
SN	Currently running activities/projects		F	or how m	any years	
			1 year	2 years	3 years more	. &

3		
4		
5		

#### 33. Action plan for all the projects/programs?

Yes	No	for some only	don't know

- 34. Goal and objectives of the project/programs?
  - a) Set by outsiders
  - b) Set by few leaders/members
  - c) Most members are aware of the goal and objectives
  - d) All members were involved in setting the goal and objectives
- 35. How are the planned activities implemented?
  - a) Activities are not effectively implemented
  - b) Some activities are implemented as planned
  - c) Most of activities are implemented but delayed
  - d) All planned activities are implemented on time
- 36. How is program monitored and lessons incorporated?
  - a) Activities are not monitored
  - b) Activities are monitored by donors/outside experts
  - c) Activities are monitored by group but lessons not incorporated
  - d) Activities are monitored by group and lessons learnt incorporated
- 37. What is the level of skills used by organizations leaders/staff in implementing the activities?
  - a) No trained leaders/staff
  - b) Some trained leaders/staff but do not employ the learned skills
  - c) Use learned skills in implementing the activities
  - d) Use the learned skills and are effective
- 38. What has been the visible result and impact of the project/programs so far?
  - a) No visible results
  - b) Some visible results but no impact on solving problem
  - c) Visible results with some impact on solving problem

d) Members see both visible and non-visible results for improving the situation	on
---	----

## Miscellaneous

39.	What are th	ne three major lessons you/organisation have learned so far?	
	1.		
	2.		
	3.		

- 40. What are three outcomes of your (organisation's) activities that satisfy you most? 1.
  - 2. 3.

41.	What are the	three most in	nportant needs	s for enha	ncing orga	nizational	capacities to	ob c	better?

Human Resource	Capacity improvement Priority Areas		
	1	2	3
Executive Committee/leaders Staff members			
Volunteers/Members			

12.	2. Would you like to add anything else?	Would you like to add anything else?					
	- <del></del>						

Name of the Facilitators/Interviewer: Date of the Assessment:

## Annex IV: Inventory of CBOs by district and VDCs

Table 1 Lists of CBOs in Banke district

S.N.	District	Name of organization	VDC	Ward no.
1	Banke	Akalgharwa Sthaniya Mahila Samittee	Shamshergunj	2
2	Banke	Babugaun Sahayog Samittee	Bhawaniyapur	4
3	Banke	Baghauda Bal Bikas Samittee	Kalaphanta	8
4	Banke	Baghauda Bikas Manch	Narainapur	1
5	Banke	Baghauda garib Bikas Samittee	Laxmanpur	2
6	Banke	Bahupurwa Bikas Manch	Kalaphanta	4
7	Banke	Bal Bikas Kendra	Fattepur	8
8	Banke	Bal Bikas Manch	Manikapur	1
9	Banke	Bal Madarsha Samaj Samittee	Narainapur	4
10	Banke	Bal Manch	Naubasta	
11	Banke	Bal Sarokar Kendra Samittee	Kathkuinya	6
12	Banke	Bal Sarokar Sewa Samittee	Narainapur	5
13	Banke	Bal Sewa Samaj	Kohalpur	2
14	Banke	Balapur Shiksha abhiyan Samittee	Kalaphanta	7
15	Banke	Baniyagaun Sudhar Samittee	Kathkuinya	7
16	Banke	Beuchahawa Utthan Manch	Laxmanpur	1
17	Banke	Bhatanpur Samaj Bikas Samittee	Ganapur	2
18	Banke	Bheri Batawaraniya Bisistata Samuha	N.A.	0
19	Banke	Bhuihyar Shiksha Bikas Samittee	Rajhaina	4
20	Banke	Channahawa Mahila Shiksha Samitee	Shamshergunj	3
21	Banke	Chaupheri Bikas Manch	Holiya	2
22	Banke	Ekikrit Samaj Sudhar Samittee	Chisapani	3
23	Banke	Gangapur Bikas Manch	Laxmanpur	9
24	Banke	Garib Bikas Samittee	Kalaphanta	6
25	Banke	Garib Sudhar Janachhetana Samittee	Holiya	7
26	Banke	Garibi Nibaran Samittee	Fattepur	7
27	Banke	Gharelu Tatha Sana Uddhyog Samittee	Narainapur	7
28	Banke	Gohawa Kalyan Samittee	Rajhaina	9
29	Banke	Gramin Abhiyan Samittee	Hirminiya	2
30	Banke	Gramin Bal Bikas Kendra	Manikapur	4
31	Banke	Gramin Bikas Manch	Holiya	7
32	Banke	Gramin Bikas Samittee	Gangapur	3
33	Banke	Gramin Bipanna Bal Bikas Manch	Kamdi	7

34	Banke	Gramin Jan Kalyan Manch	Kamdi	9
35	Banke	Gramin Mahila Bikas Samittee	Kamdi	9
36	Banke	Gramin Sachetan abhiyan Sangh	Betahani	1
37	Banke	Gramin Sahinaj Bikas Samittee	Kamdi	5
38	Banke	Gramin Samudayik Bikas Manch	Betahani	9
39	Banke	Gramin Utpidit Shishu Bikas Manch	Bankatti	5
40	Banke	Gramin Yuba Samaj Samittee	Matehiya	5
41	Banke	Halbaldoli Bikas Samittee	Bankatti	2
42	Banke	Halbaldoli Bipanna Bikas Manch	Bankatti	1
43	Banke	Himal Ashal Shasan Rediyo Shrota Club	Titihiriya	2
44	Banke	Jan Bikas Samittee	Gangapur	9
45	Banke	Jan Jagaran Samittee	Fattepur	6
46	Banke	Jan Jagaran Samittee	Fattepur	6
47	Banke	Jana Ekta Samittee	Kathkuinya	2
48	Banke	Jana Sewa Bal Samuha	Titihiriya	8
49	Banke	Jana Sewa Samittee	Puraina	6
50	Banke	Jana Sudhar Samittee	Gangapur	7
51	Banke	Janjagarn Tarkari Utpadan Samuha	Bankatawa	9
52	Banke	Jaya Laxmi Bikas Samittee	Narainapur	4
53	Banke	Jayajanta Ni. Ma. Vi.	Manikapur	4
54	Banke	Joraiya Bikas Samittee	Fattepur	8
55	Banke	Jyotikunja Bikas Samittee	Titihiriya	6
56	Banke	Kohala Bikas Manch	Gangapur	7
57	Banke	Kotharpur Shishu Syahar Kendra	Ganapur	1
58	Banke	Loniyanpurwa Gramin Sewa Samuha	Udayapur	5
59	Banke	Mahila Bikas Manch	Matehiya	4
60	Banke	Mahila Gramin Bikas Schetan Abhiyan Karyakram	Bashudevpur	
61	Banke	Mahila Tatha Bal Utthan Samittee	Hirminiya	5
62	Banke	Majdoor Bikas Samittee	Fattepur	7
63	Banke	Majhrethi Garib Manch Samittee	Kathkuinya	3
64	Banke	Manabadikar Sachetna Manch	N.A.	0
65	Banke	Matribhumi Yuba Club	Kamdi	9
66	Banke	Maulabipurwa Bal Shaksharata Samittee	Bankatti	4
67	Banke	Miteri Nepal Yuwa Club	Titihiriya	9
68	Banke	Mukta Jeewan Nirman Samittee	Rajhaina	4
69	Banke	Nagarik Chetana Samittee	Gangapur	6

71         Banke         Nepal Janasewa Samittee         Narainapur         2           72         Banke         Nepal Rostriya Pra. Vi.         Kohalpur         6           73         Banke         Nepal Rastriya Pra. Vi.         Kohalpur         6           74         Banke         Nepal Yaun Rog tatha AIDS Anusandhan         Nepal Ganj N.P.         13           75         Banke         Nepali Samaj Uddhar Samittee         Naubasta         8           76         Banke         Prabat Ma. Vi.         Bankatti         5           77         Banke         Prabat Ma. Vi.         Bankatatwa         4           78         Banke         Pragati Samittee         Matehiya         6           79         Banke         Pragatisil Samaj Samittee         Bankatawa         8           81         Banke         Pragatisil Samaj Samittee         Fattepur         9           82         Banke         Rapatisil Samaj Samittee         Fattepur         9           82         Banke         Sambikas Samittee         Fattepur         9           83         Banke         Samaj Kalyan Samittee         Titihiriya         4           84         Banke         Samaj Kalyan Samittee         Matehiya <th>70</th> <th>Banke</th> <th>Nauri Gaudi Bikas Manch</th> <th>Betahani</th> <th>3</th>	70	Banke	Nauri Gaudi Bikas Manch	Betahani	3
73         Banke         Nepal Rastriya Pra. Vi.         Kohalpur         6           74         Banke         Nepal Yaun Rog tatha AIDS Anusandhan         Nepal Ganj N.P.         13           75         Banke         Nepali Samaj Uddhar Samittee         Naubasta         8           76         Banke         Payajal Byabasthapan Samittee         Bankatti         5           77         Banke         Prabhat Ma. Vi.         Bankatawa         4           78         Banke         Pragatis Samittee         Matehiya         6           79         Banke         Pragatisil Samaj Samittee         Manikapur         4           80         Banke         Pragatisil Samaj Samittee         Bankatawa         8           81         Banke         Rapti Shiksha Bikas Samittee         Fattepur         9           82         Banke         Sajha Bikas Samittee         Piprahawa         7           83         Banke         Samaj Ekta Samittee         Gangapur         4           84         Banke         Samaj Kalyan Samittee         Gangapur         4           85         Banke         Samaj Sudhar Samittee         Matehiya         3           86         Banke         Samaj Sudhar Samittee         <	71	Banke	Nepal Janasewa Samittee	Narainapur	2
74         Banke         Nepal Yaun Rog tatha AIDS Anusandhan         Nepal Ganj N.P.         13           75         Banke         Nepali Samaj Uddhar Samittee         Naubasta         8           76         Banke         Payajal Byabasthapan Samittee         Bankatti         5           77         Banke         Prabhat Ma. Vi.         Bankattawa         4           78         Banke         Pragati Samittee         Matchiya         6           79         Banke         Pragatishil Yuba Club         Manikapur         4           80         Banke         Pragatishil Yuba Club         Manikapur         4           80         Banke         Pragatishil Yuba Club         Manikapur         4           81         Banke         Pragatishil Samaj Samittee         Bankatawa         8           81         Banke         Rapti Shiksha Bikas Samittee         Fattepur         9           82         Banke         Samila Bikas Samittee         Piprahawa         7           83         Banke         Samila Ekta Samittee         Gangapur         4           84         Banke         Samaj Ekta Samittee         Matchiya         4           85         Banke         Samaj Sudhar Samittee	72	Banke	Nepal Netra Jyoti Sang	Nepal Ganj N.P.	7
74         Banke         Kendra         Nepal Ganj N.P.         13           75         Banke         Nepali Samaj Uddhar Samittee         Naubasta         8           76         Banke         Payajal Byabasthapan Samittee         Bankatatwa         4           77         Banke         Prapabat Ma. Vi.         Bankatawa         4           78         Banke         Pragati Samittee         Matehiya         6           79         Banke         Pragatishil Yuba Club         Manikapur         4           80         Banke         Pragatishil Yuba Club         Manikapur         4           80         Banke         Pragatishil Samaj Samittee         Bankatawa         8           81         Banke         Rapti Shiksha Bikas Samittee         Fattepur         9           82         Banke         Sajha Bikas Samittee         Fittepur         9           83         Banke         Samaj Ekta Samittee         Tithiriya         4           84         Banke         Samaj Kalyan Samittee         Matehiya         4           85         Banke         Samaj Sudhar Pariwar         Kohalpur         3           87         Banke         Samaj Sudhar Samittee         Fattepur         3 <td>73</td> <td>Banke</td> <td>Nepal Rastriya Pra. Vi.</td> <td>Kohalpur</td> <td>6</td>	73	Banke	Nepal Rastriya Pra. Vi.	Kohalpur	6
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81BankeRapti Shiksha Bikas SamitteeFattepur982BankeSajha Bikas SamitteePiprahawa783BankeSam Bikas SamitteeTitthiriya484BankeSamaj Ekta SamitteeGangapur485BankeSamaj Kalyan SamitteeMatehiya486BankeSamaj Sewa PariwarKohalpur387BankeSamaj Sudhar PariwarBankatawa88BankeSamaj Sudhar SamitteeFattepur389BankeSamajik Sachetna Sarokar ManchNepal Ganj N.P.1490BankeSamajik Sarokar KendraManikapur491BankeSamudayik Jagaran SamitteePuraina792BankeSamudayik Sanchar KendraKohalpur393BankeSamudik Bikas ManchBetahani494BankeSana Kishan SamitteeMatehiya795BankeSarra Bikas SamitteeFattepur796BankeSewa Sankalpa PariwarN.A.N.A.97BankeShanti Sudhar SamitteeFattepur798BankeShanti Sudhar SamitteeGanapur599BankeShekhapur Samaj Bikas SamitteeKohalpur4100BankeSthaniya Jana Chetana SamiteeKindhawa9101BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeShamshergunj5104BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeShamshergun	79	Banke	Pragatishil Yuba Club	Manikapur	+
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83BankeSam Bikas SamitteeTitihiriya484BankeSamaj Ekta SamitteeGangapur485BankeSamaj Kalyan SamitteeMatehiya486BankeSamaj Sewa PariwarKohalpur387BankeSamaj Sudhar PariwarBankatawa88BankeSamaj Sudhar SamitteeFattepur389BankeSamajik Sachetna Sarokar ManchNepal Ganj N.P.1490BankeSamajik Sarokar KendraManikapur491BankeSamudayik Jagaran SamitteePuraina792BankeSamudayik Sanchar KendraKohalpur393BankeSamudik Bikas ManchBetahani494BankeSana Kishan SamitteeMatehiya795BankeSarra Bikas SamitteeFattepur796BankeSewa Sankalpa PariwarN.A.N.A.97BankeShanti Sudhar SamitteeNaubasta798BankeShekhapur Samaj Bikas SamitteeGanapur599BankeSimari Samaj Sudhar samitteeKohalpur4100BankeSthaniya Gaun Jagaran SamitteeKamdi9101BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeBankatawa9103BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeShamshergunj5104BankeSuiya Bikas SamitteeKathkuinya8105BankeSundar Pra. Vi.Bankatawa <t< td=""><td>81</td><td>Banke</td><td>Rapti Shiksha Bikas Samittee</td><td>Fattepur</td><td>9</td></t<>	81	Banke	Rapti Shiksha Bikas Samittee	Fattepur	9
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92BankeSamudayik Sanchar KendraKohalpur393BankeSamuhik Bikas ManchBetahani494BankeSana Kishan SamitteeMatehiya795BankeSarra Bikas SamitteeFattepur796BankeSewa Sankalpa PariwarN.A.N.A.97BankeShanti Sudhar SamitteeNaubasta798BankeShekhapur Samaj Bikas SamitteeGanapur599BankeSimari Samaj Sudhar samitteeKohalpur4100BankeSthaniya Gaun Jagaran SamitteeKamdi9101BankeSthaniya Jana Chetana SamiteeTitihiriya2102BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeBankatawa9103BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeShamshergunj5104BankeSuiya Bikas SamitteeKathkuinya8105BankeSundar Pra. Vi.Bankatawa8	90	Banke	Samajik Sarokar Kendra	Manikapur	4
93BankeSamuhik Bikas ManchBetahani494BankeSana Kishan SamitteeMatehiya795BankeSarra Bikas SamitteeFattepur796BankeSewa Sankalpa PariwarN.A.N.A.97BankeShanti Sudhar SamitteeNaubasta798BankeShekhapur Samaj Bikas SamitteeGanapur599BankeSimari Samaj Sudhar samitteeKohalpur4100BankeSthaniya Gaun Jagaran SamitteeKamdi9101BankeSthaniya Jana Chetana SamiteeTitihiriya2102BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeBankatawa9103BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeShamshergunj5104BankeSuiya Bikas SamitteeKathkuinya8105BankeSundar Pra. Vi.Bankatawa8	91	Banke	Samudayik Jagaran Samittee	Puraina	7
94BankeSana Kishan SamitteeMatehiya795BankeSarra Bikas SamitteeFattepur796BankeSewa Sankalpa PariwarN.A.N.A.97BankeShanti Sudhar SamitteeNaubasta798BankeShekhapur Samaj Bikas SamitteeGanapur599BankeSimari Samaj Sudhar samitteeKohalpur4100BankeSthaniya Gaun Jagaran SamitteeKamdi9101BankeSthaniya Jana Chetana SamiteeTitihiriya2102BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeBankatawa9103BankeSthaniya Samaj Bikas SamitteeShamshergunj5104BankeSuiya Bikas SamitteeKathkuinya8105BankeSundar Pra. Vi.Bankatawa8	92	Banke	Samudayik Sanchar Kendra	Kohalpur	3
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107	Banke	Tharu Jagaran Manch	Fattepur	8
108	Banke	Tharu Jagaran Manch Samittee	Fattepur	7
109	Banke	Utpidit Samudayik Bikas Kendra	Rajhaina	3

Field survey, 2004.

Table 2 Lists of CBOs in Bara district

S.N.	District	Name of organization	VDC	Ward no.
1	Bara	Aidiyal Bikas Kendra	Haraiya	4
2	Bara	Bal Samrachhan Nepal	Dahiyar	3
3	Bara	Bal Sangathan	Prastoka	6
4	Bara	Biddhya Sagar Samiti	Uttar- Jhitkaiya	4
5	Bara	Bikalpa Nepal	Uttar- Jhitkaiya	5
6	Bara	Dalit Uthan Kendra	Haraiya	4
7	Bara	Gramin Bikas Samiti	Gadhal	5
8	Bara	Gramin Uttan Uhiyan	Haraiya	2
9	Bara	Gyan Jyoti Mahila Sahakari Sastha	Prastoka	4
10	Bara	Gyandarsan Youth Club	Inarwasira	6
11	Bara	Gyansagar Samiti	Uttar- Jhitkaiya	1
12	Bara	Himalayan Human Rights Monitors (Ngo- National Level)	Ngo National Level	N.A.
13	Bara	Jagadamba Bikas Samiti	Sihorba	5
14	Bara	Jana Kalyan Youth Club	Dohari	6
15	Bara	Janasewa Samaj	Dahiyar	3
16	Bara	Janhit Sewa Samiti	Uttar- Jhitkaiya	3
17	Bara	Khelkudh Tatha Chetna Samuha	Uttar- Jhitkaiya	2
18	Bara	Mahila Jana Chetna Tatha Bahudesiya Kendra	Haraiya	1
19	Bara	Mahila Sambardhan Kendra	Kalaiya	N.A.
20	Bara	Mahila Tatha Balbalika Jagaran Samaj	Gadhal	3
21	Bara	Mahila Uthan Samiti	Prastoka	6
22	Bara	Manab Bikas Tatha Sasaktikaran Kendra (HUDEK)- NGO District	Kalaiya	5
23	Bara	New Advance Samiti	Mahespur	2
24	Bara	New Samajsebi Youth Club	Prastoka	6
25	Bara	Parbati Mahila Samuha	Bajariya	6
26	Bara	Rajdevi Bikas Samiti	Karaiya	8
27	Bara	Samaj Sachetan Kendra (Ngo District Level)	Kalaiya	4
28	Bara	Samudayik Bikas Srot Kendra	Dohari	7
29	Bara	Saraswoti Ra Durga Mahila Samuha	Mahespur	8
30	Bara	Shree Bal Kalyan Bal Samuha	Haraiya	1
31	Bara	Shree Baudhimai Mahila Bachat Samuha	Inarwasira	6
32	Bara	Shree Bikassil Youth Club	Gadhal	3
33	Bara	Shree Garibi Niwaran Karya Samiti	Inarwasira	2

34	Bara	Shree Jagaruk Taramukhi Samiti	Bajariya	7
35	Bara	Shree Janajatiya Uthan Samiti	Prastoka	4
36	Bara	Shree Janakalyan Club	Inarwasira	9
37	Bara	Shree Mahabir Sewa Samiti	Dohari	3
38	Bara	Shree Nawa Pravat Youth Club	Narahi	6
39	Bara	Shree Pragatisil Youth Club	Bajariya	6
40	Bara	Shree Sahajnath Chetnasil Youth Club	Haraiya	1
41	Bara	Shree Sahara Youth Club	Narahi	5
42	Bara	Shree Samajsebi Yuba Samiti	Haraiya	1
43	Bara	Shree Saraswoti Mahila Samuh	Bajariya	5
44	Bara	Shree Sikhar Janasewa Kendra	Haraiya	1
45	Bara	Shree Suryodaya Samudayik Nepal	Haraiya	6
46	Bara	Star Youth Club	Modda	8
47	Bara	Yuba Sakti Club	Mahespur	4

Table 3 Lists of CBOs in Makwanpur district

S.N.	District	Name of organization	VDC	Ward no.
1	Makwanpur	Agro Farm Foreder Association Nepal(Affan)	N.A.	N.A.
2	Makwanpur	Bal Chetna Samuha	Phakhel	9
3	Makwanpur	Gramin Bikash Manch	gadhi	4
4	Makwanpur	Gramin Mahila Sewa Kendra	Sukaura	N.A.
5	Makwanpur	Himchuli Bal Club	Sukaura	2
6	Makwanpur	Mahila Sakti Bahudesiya Sahakari Sastha	Tistung	3
7	Makwanpur	Mahila Samaj Bahudesiya Sahakari Sastha	Kulekhani	2
8	Makwanpur	Nibuwatar Sewa Samaj	Nibuwatar	9
9	Makwanpur	Prena Bikas Tatha Gagaran Samiti,	Nibuwatar	1
10	Makwanpur	Samajik Sikchha Tatha Gramin Bikas Sastha	Budhichaur	3
11	Makwanpur	Shre Lekh Pandrang P.S.	Nibuwatar	3
12	Makwanpur	Malila Uttan Bahuudesiya Sahakari Sastha	Nibuwatar	9
13	Makwanpur	Shree Bahari Mabi Nibuwatar	Nibuwatar	9
14	Makwanpur	Shree Gramin Chhetra Bikas Manch	Padam Pokhari	1
15	Makwanpur	Shree Indra Sarobar Yuba Club	Markhu	4
16	Makwanpur	Shree Jana Pravat Yuba Club	Tistung	5
17	Makwanpur	Shree Jana Sanskriti Munch	gadhi	9
18	Makwanpur	Shree Janata Bal Club	Sukaura	4
19	Makwanpur	Shree Jyoti Prajolan Samaj Sewa Club	Kulekhani	2
20	Makwanpur	Shree Mahila Cooperetive	Padam Pokhari	4
21	Makwanpur	Shree Mahila Gagaran	gadhi	5
22	Makwanpur	Shree Mahila Milan Cooperetive	Padam Pokhari	1
23	Makwanpur	Shree Mahila Tatha Samudayik Bikas Samj	Tistung	3
24	Makwanpur	Shree Miteri Yuba Club	Phakhel	8
25	Makwanpur	Shree Nawa Jagaran Yuba Club	Sisneri	8
26	Makwanpur	Shree Samaj Bikash Manch	gadhi	4
27	Makwanpur	Shree Samudayik Bikas Sahayog Samaj	Phakhel	4
28	Makwanpur	Shree Saraswoti Bal Club	Markhu	8
29	Makwanpur	Shree Satyaswor Yuba Club	Markhu	1
30	Makwanpur	Shree Sirjana Yuba Club	Phakhel	5
31	Makwanpur	Srijana Mahila Bahudesiya Sahakari Sastha	Markhu	8
32	Makwanpur	Shree Suryamukhi Sahayogi Samuha	Padam Pokhari	4
33	Makwanpur	Sikchha Bikas Samiti	Tistung	3

Table 4 Lists of CBOs in Morang district

S.N.	District	Name Of Organization	VDC	Ward no.
1	Morang	N.A.	Gobindapur	9
2	Morang	Adarsa Bal Bikas Kendra	Sijuwa	9
3	Morang	Adarsa P.S.	Rangeli	4
		Amupali Bachat Tatha Rin		
4	Morang	Samuha	Sorabhag	9
5	Morang	Ananda Darsan Club	Nocha	6
		Ananda P.S.Management		
6	Morang	Committi	Amahi Bariyati	7
7	Morang	Angalo Paribar	Baradhanga	8
8	Morang	Bahadur Baba Chaudhari Pra.Bi.	Rajghat	4
9	Morang	Bahudesiya Club	Gobindapur	6
10	Morang	Bahudesiya Yuba Club	Amardaha	1
11	Morang	Bajar Byabasthapan Samiti	Itahari	2
12	Morang	Bal Bikas Pra.Bi.	Itahari	5
13	Morang	Bal Kalyan Bi.Sa.	Baradhanga	7
14	Morang	Bal Kalyan Mahila Samaj	Sanischare	3
15	Morang	Bal Kalyan Samiti	Amagachhi	6
16	Morang	Bal Kalyan Samuha	Takuwa	9
17	Morang	Beni Samudayik P.S.	Sorabhag	1
18	Morang	Betauna Jhoda Sarswoti P.S.	Babiya Birta	3
		Bhagawati P.S.Management		
19	Morang	Committi	Babiya Birta	4
20	Morang	Bhajan Kirtan Samiti	Babiya Birta	3
21	Morang	Bhawani Bal Bikas Kendra	Rangeli	8
		Biddyalaya Bhawan Nirman		
22	Morang	Samiti	Sijuwa	3
		Bidhyalaya Byabasthapan		
23	Morang	Samiti	Takuwa	8
24	Morang	Bidhyathi Bal Club	Amagachhi	5
25	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti		8
26	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti	Darbesa	5
27	Morang	1 1	Darbesa	9
28	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti	Pokhariya	1
29	Morang	7 7 7 1	Pokhariya	5
30	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti	Sisabani Jahada	3
31	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti	Sisabani Jahada	5
32	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti	Sisabani Jahada	9
33	Morang	Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti	Sisabani Jahada	8
34	Morang	Bijaygram Bikas Samiti	Takuwa	1
		Birat P.S. Management		
35	Morang	Committi	Budhanagar	5

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71	Morang	Health Post	Pokhariya	4
72	Morang	Health Post	Sisabani Jahada	4
73	Morang	Health Post	Itahari	3
		Health Post Management		
74	Morang	Committi	Amagachhi	5
		Health Post Management		
75	Morang	Committi	Sorabhag	6
		Health Post Management		
76	Morang	Committi	Kadmaha	6
		Healthpost Management		
77	Morang	Committi	Babiya Birta	1
78	Morang	Help Nepal	Urlabari	4
79	Morang	Himalayan Lo.Se.S.	Itahari	8
80	Morang	Himalayan Upabhokta Samiti	Gobindapur	1
81	Morang	Indreni Bikas Manch	Itahari	4
		Itahari Bachat Tatha Rin		
82	Morang	Sahakari Li.	Itahari	7
83	Morang	Jalpa Singh Devi P.S	Sanischare	1
84	Morang	Jana Jagaran Upabhokta Samiti	Sanischare	8
85	Morang	Jana Jagaran Yuba Club	Mahadeba	2
86	Morang	Jana Jagaran Yuba Club	Pokhariya	4
87	Morang	Jana Sewa Sadan Samiti	Amahi Bariyati	1
		Janachetna Abhibriddhi Sewa		
88	Morang	Samiti	Mahadeba	8
		Janajati Utthan Tatha		
89	Morang	Janajagaran Sang	Majare	7
90	Morang	Janajyoti Yuba Club	Hasandaha	6
		Janakalyan P.S. Management		
91	Morang	Committi	Dainiya	5
92	Morang	Janakalyan Samiti	Dainiya	5
		Janata Bal P.S. Management		
93	Morang	Committi	Budhanagar	2
		Janata Lo.Se.S.Management		
94	Morang	Committi	Amahi Bariyati	4
		Janata Lo.Se.S.Management		
95	Morang	Committi	Rangeli	8
96	Morang	Janata Ma.Bi.	Itahari	3
		Janata P.S. Management		
97	Morang	Committi	Budhanagar	4
98	Morang	Japriya S.S.	Babiya Birta	5
99	Morang	Jaya Mahakali Bachat Samuh	Amardaha	1
100	Morang	Jayama Laxmi Club	Amahi Bariyati	9

		Jayama Laxmi P.S.Management		
101	Morang	Committi	Amahi Bariyati	9
102	Morang	Jharana Samaj Sewa Club	Amardaha	6
103	Morang	Jiwan Bikas Samaj	Amahi Bariyati	3
104	Morang	Kanchan Bal Bikas Kendra	Sanischare	1
105	Morang	Kanchan Bal Bikas Kendra	Sanischare	1
103	Wiorung	Kanchanganga Bachat Tatha	Sumsemme	1
106	Morang	Rin Sahakari Sastha	Itahari	3
107	Morang	Kanchanjanga Yuba Club	Sanischare	1
108	Morang	Katnu Pra.Bi.	Itahari	7
109	Morang	Kopila Upabhokta Samiti	Amagachhi	5
107	Wiorung	Krisi Bahudesiya Sahakari	- I magacinii	3
110	Morang	Sastha	Itahari	5
110	Wiorung	Lakeswor P.S. Management	Turiur	3
111	Morang	Committi	Amahi Bariyati	7
112	Morang	Lali Guras Mahila Samuha	Rajghat	N.A.
113	Morang	Laxmi Mahila Bachat Samuha	Babiya Birta	3
114	Morang	Laxmi P.S.	Raighat	1
111	Wiorung	Laxmi P.S. Management	rajgnat	1
115	Morang	Committi	Budhanagar	9
116	Morang	Madarsa Slamik Rasidiya	Dainiya	2
110	Titorung	Mahalaj Biswal Sahi Sewa	Dumyu	
117	Morang	Samiti	Dainiya	3
118	Morang	Maharajsthan Lo.Se.S.	Rajghat	6
119	Morang	Mahendra Lo.Se.S.	Itahari	9
		Mahendra Lo.Se.S.		
120	Morang	Management Committi	Babiya Birta	3
121	Morang	Mahendra Ma.Bi.	Itahari	2
		Mahila Garelu Silpa Kala		
122	Morang	Byapar Samiti	Dainiya	3
123	Morang	Mahila Jagaran Samiti	Amagachhi	5
124	Morang	Mahila Utthan Sahakari Sastha	Jhurkiya	9
		Manab Adhikar Sikchha Radio	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
125	Morang	Srota Club	Amardaha	6
		Manabiya Samsadhan Bikas		
		Kendra Nirman Upabhokta		
126	Morang	Samiti	Itahari	4
127	Morang	Manakamana Bal Bikas Samiti	Sanischare	1
		Manokamana Dugdha Utpadak		
128	Morang	Sahakari Sastha Li.	Itahari	1
129	Morang	Milan Karobar Samiti	Rangeli	9
130	Morang	Namuna Bal Bikas Samiti	Sijuwa	3

		Nari Pragati Mahila Bachat		
131		Samuha	Kadmaha	5
132			Hasandaha	3
133		Nawa Jyoti Yuba Club	Gobindapur	8
134	Morang	Nawajyoti Samuha	Takuwa	9
135		Nawajyoti Srijana Club	Amardaha	3
136	Morang	Nepal Juniar Red Cross Cyrcle	Amardaha	1
137		Nepal Red Cross Sociaty Brance	Dainiya	8
138		•	Pokhariya	1
150	morang	Nepal Santhal Adhibasi Utthan	1 omining u	<u> </u>
139	Morang	Sang	Majare	8
140		Nichamari Bal Bikas Samiti	Rangeli	1
141		Pathibhara Pra.Bi.	Itahari	6
142		Phulbari P.S.	Amardaha	9
143		Pragati Bal Bikas Kendra	Jhurkiya	7
144		Pragati Mahila Samaj	Urlabari	4
145		Pragati Sisu Sewa Kendra	Gobindapur	7
146		Pragatisil Mahila Jagaran Sastha	•	7
		Pragatisil S.Management		·
147	Morang	Committi	Babiya Birta	4
148		Pragatisil Samuha	Darbesa	1
149		Pravat P.S.	Rajghat	6
150	Morang	Purba Gyan Bal Bikas Kendra	Sanischare	1
151	Morang	Raighat Health Post	Rajghat	9
152	Morang	Rajghat Ja.Ka.Me.	Rajghat	7
153	Morang	Rajghat Jal Upabhokta Sastha	Rajghat	N.A.
154	Morang	Rajghat Jana Chetna Samaj	Rajghat	3
155	Morang	Raighat P.S.	Rajghat	5
	-	Ramjanaki Jal Upabhokta		
156	Morang	Krisak Samuha	Dadar Bairiya	1
157	Morang	Rateholi Sinchai Ayojana	Rajghat	N.A.
158	Morang	Ratnadik Pra.Bi.	Itahari	3
159	Morang	Red Cross Brance	Kadmaha	6
160	Morang	Red Cross Society	Amagachhi	9
161	Morang	Res Cross Brance	Rangeli	2
162	Morang	Rosani Yuba Club	Rajghat	5
163	Morang	Sagardin Plan Upabhokta Samiti	Babiya Birta	9
164	Morang	Sagarmatha Bal Bikas Kendra	Itahari	9
165	Morang	Sahakari Sastha	Majare	3
166	Morang	Sahansil Mahila Samaj	Pathari	8
167	Morang	Samaj Bikas Kendra	Amahi Bariyati	5
168	Morang	Samaj Kalyan Sewa Samiti	Sijuwa	7

169	Morang	Samaj Kalyan Upabhokta Samiti	Amardaha	6
170	Morang	Samaj Sewa Upabhokta Samiti	Dainiya	9
171	Morang	Samaj Sewa Yuba Club	Budhanagar	1
172	Morang	Samaj Sudhar Sangh	Itahari	2
173	Morang	Samaj Sudhar Sewa Samiti	Sijuwa	8
174	Morang	Samudayik Club	Nocha	5
175	Morang	Samudayik Upabhokta Samiti	Gobindapur	6
176	Morang	Santi Chhetra P.S.	Rajghat	2
177	Morang	Santi Jagaran Yuba Club	Hasandaha	6
178	Morang	Santi Yuba Upabhokta Samiti	Amardaha	6
		Sarashwoti Bal Kendra		
179	Morang	Management Committi	Babiya Birta	3
180	Morang	Sarashwoti Uchcha Ma.Bi.	Itahari	7
181	Morang	Sarbajanik Lo.Se.S	Rajghat	8
182	Morang	Sarbajanik Pra. Bi.	Amagachhi	3
183	Morang	Sarswoti S.S.	Baradhanga	7
184	Morang	Sarswoti Sewa Samiti	Babiya Birta	2
		Satmedhi Bachat Tatha Rin		
185	Morang	Sahakari Sastha	Itahari	8
186	Morang	Shee Laxmi Bal Bikas Samiti	Darbesa	1
187	Morang	Shiva Samaj Kalyan Club	Kadmaha	9
188	Morang	Shre Janata P.S.	Mahadeba	8
		Shree 108 Ananta Bhagawan		
189	Morang	Mandir Byabasthapan Samiti	Pokhariya	4
190	Morang	Shree Adarsa Bahudesiya Sang	Mathigachha	5
		Shree Adarsa P.S. Management		
191	Morang	Committi	Mathigachha	8
		Shree Adharsa Madhyamik		
400		Bidhyalaya Bhyabasthapan		_
192	Morang	Samiti	Dainiya	6
193	Morang	Shree Agrasar Yuba Samaj	Nocha	4
194	Morang	Shree Amar Singh S.S.	Hasandaha	1
105	3.6	Shree Ananda Prarambhik Bal	<b>.</b>	0
195	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Pokhariya	9
196	Morang	Shree Ananta Bal Club	Pokhariya	4
197	Morang	Shree Ananta P.S.	Kadmaha	9
100		Shree Anayabari Prarambhik		1
198	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Rajghat	1 2
199	Morang	Shree Bal Bikas P.S.	Mahadeba	3
200	Morang	Shree Bal Bikas Samiti	Gobindapur	8
201	Morang	Shree Bal Jyoti Bikas Samiti	Darbesa	1
202	Morang	Shree Bal Kalyan Lo.Se.S.	Sanischare	6

		Shree Bal Laxmi P.S.		1	ĺ
203	Morang	Management Committi	Mathigachha		7
204	Morang	Shree Bhagirath Ma.Bi.	Sanischare		8
205	Morang	Shree Bhanu P.S.	Mahadeba		1
	1,101,112	Shree Bi.Pi. Prathamik	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		-
206	Morang	Bidyalaya	Dainiya		7
207	Morang	Shree Birendra Sarbajanik S.S.	Amardaha		1
208	Morang	Shree BP P.S.	Mahadeba		7
		Shree Buddha Madyamik			
209	Morang	Bidyalaya	Sanischare		5
210	Morang	Shree Chetna Yuba Samiti	Dadar Bairiya	1	2
211	Morang	Shree Devdajo Prarambhik Bal E	Bikas Kendra	Darbesa	8
212	3.4			G 11	0
212	Morang	Shree Dhamo P.S.Management C	Committi	Sorabhag	3
213	Morang	Shree Durga Lo.Se.S.		Pathari	3
214	Morang	Shree Durga Mandir Karya Sami	ti	Majare	3
215	Morang	Shree Durga P.S.		Hasandaha	7
216	Morang	Shree Durga Prarambhik Bal Bikas Kendra		Hasandaha	3
217	Morang	Shree Durga Prarambhik Bal Bikas Kendra		Nocha	4
218	Morang	Shree Durga Prarambhik Bal Bikas Kendra		Nocha	4
219	Morang	Shree Durga S.S. Management C	Committi	Majare	3
220	Morang	Shree Durga Samudayik P.S.		Dadar Bairiya	2
221	Morang	Shree Ganesh Lo.Se.S.		Rangeli	7
222	Morang	Shree Gangadhareswor Sibalaya		Gobindapur	8
223	Morang	Shree Gautam Buddha S.P.S.		Sorabhag	6
224	Morang	Shree Guleswori P.S.		Takuwa	3
		Shree Gyan Jyoti Prarambhik Ba	l Bikas		
225	Morang	Kendra		Dainiya	9
		Shree Hansa Bahini Samudayik I	P.S.		
226	Morang	Management Committi		Sorabhag	4
227	Morang	Shree Hanuman P.S. Managemen	nt Committi	Majare	2
228	Morang	Shree Harinagara P.S. Manageme	ent Committi	Mathigachha	8
		Shree Harschandragadi P.S.Mana	agement		
229	Morang	Committi		Dainiya	3
230	Morang	Shree Jagriti Bal Bikas Kendra		Kadmaha	9
231	Morang	Shree Jan Samudayik P.S. Manaş Committi	gement	Sorabhag	5
					-

232	Morang	Shree Janak P.S.		Budhanagar	1
233	Monono	Chara Ionalei D.C. Managamantle	Committi	Maiana	5
234	Morang Morang	Shree Janaki P.S. Managementk Shree Janaki Pra. Bi.	Committi	Majare Takuwa	7
<b>—</b>				+	5
235	Morang	Shree Janapriya P.S.		Gobindapur	3
236	Morang	Shree Janasewa Bal Bikas Kendi	<b>-</b> a	Gobindapur	5
237	Morang	Shree Janasewa P.S.	- L	Jhurkiya	8
231	Wiorang	Since Januse wa 1 .5.		Jiidikiya	0
238	Morang	Shree Janata Lo.Se.S. Manageme	ent Committi	Mathigachha	5
239	Morang	Shree Janata Ma.Bi.		Amagachhi	5
240	Morang	Shree Janata P.S.	Baradhanga		6
		Shree Janata Prarambhik Bal			
241	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Mathigachha		5
		Shree Janata Prathamik			
242	Morang	Bidyalay	Dainiya		1
243	Morang	Shree Janata S.S.	Amardaha		7
		Shree Janata S.S. Management			
244	Morang	Committi	Amagachhi		9
		Shree Jawajyoti Sautha Bal			
245	Morang	Club	Sijuwa		9
		Shree Jaya Kisan Krisi Sahakari			
246	Morang	Sastha	Amardaha		1
		Shree Kali P.S. Management			
247	Morang	Committi	Mathigachha		8
248	Morang	Shree Kali S.S.	Takuwa		6
		Shree Kalidurga Nari Bachat			
249	Morang	Samuha	Dadar Bairiya	ı	2
250	Morang	Shree Kalika Samudayik P.S.	Dadar Bairiya	ı	4
251	Morang	Shree Kisan Samudayik P.S.	Dadar Bairiya	ı	1
252	Morang	Shree Kopila Bal Bikas Kendra	Dadar Bairiya	ı	3
		Shree Koshi Prarambhik Bal			
253	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Sorabhag		8
254	Morang	Shree Lagansil Yuba Club	Dadar Bairiya	ı	1
255	Morang	Shree Lalitya Yuba Club	Mathigachha		2
256	Morang	Shree Laxmi Mandir Samiti	Majare		8
		Shree Laxmi P.S. Management			
257	Morang	Committi	Mathigachha		2
		Shree Laxmi Yuba Sporting			
258	Morang	Club	Mathigachha		2
259	Morang	Shree Leti S.S.	Gobindapur		1
260	Morang	Shree Lo.Se.S.	Baradhanga		9
261	Morang	Shree Lo.Se.S.	Gobindapur		9
262	Morang	Shree Lo.Se.S.	Mahadeba		4

263	Morang	Shree Lok Kalyankari P.S.	Amardaha	6
		Shree Ma Bhawani P.S.		
264	Morang	Management Committi	Mathigachha	4
265	Morang	Shree Mahalaxmi S.S.	Darbesa	1
		Shree Maharajthan P.S.		
266	Morang	Management Committi	Jhurkiya	7
		Shree Mahendra		
267	Morang	Lo.Se.S.Management Committi	Dainiya	4
268	Morang	Shree Mahendra P.S.	Mahadeba	9
		Shree Mahendra P.S.		
269	Morang	Management Committi	Majare	8
270	Morang	Shree Mangal Singh S.S.	Amardaha	5
271	Morang	Shree Maniratna Kirtan Mandali	Hasandaha	5
		Shree Manokamana Prarambhik		
272	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Mahadeba	4
		Shree Maundakali Prarambhik		
273	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Rangeli	1
274	Morang	Shree Morang Ubak Pustakalaya	Dainiva	8
27.	morang	Shree Naulo Prarambhik Bal	Burnyu	o o
275	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Amahi Bariyati	5
2,5	morang	Shree Nawa Bikas Prarambhik	Timam Barry acr	
276	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Urlabari	7
277	Morang	Shree Nawa Durga Bal Club	Dadar Bairiya	2
278	Morang	Shree Nawa Jiwan P.S.	Kadmaha	6
279	Morang	Shree Nawadurga Mandir	Dainiya	6
		Shree Nawajagarn Prarambhik		
280	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Hasandaha	1
281	Morang	Shree Nawajiwan P.S.	Kadmaha	6
		Shree Nawajyoti Bal Bikas		-
282	Morang	Kenra	Sisabani Jahada	1
		Shree Nawajyoti Bal Bikas		
283	Morang	Samiti	Jhurkiya	9
		Shree Nawajyoti Prarambhik	j	
284	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Pathari	1
285	Morang	Shree Nichamari P.S	Rangeli	1
286	Morang	Shree P.S.	Gobindapur	7
	·· <i>6</i>	Shree Parbati Mahila Bachat		·
287	Morang	Samuha	Dadar Bairiya	1
288	Morang	Shree Phokali Lo.Se.S.	Nocha	6
		Shree Pragati Prarambhik Bal		
289	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Budhanagar	1
		Shree Prarambhik Bal Bikas		
		Silice Flatailibilik Dai Dikas		

291	Morang	Shree Prathamik Biddyalaya	Kadmaha	7
292	Morang	Shree Prathamik. Bidhyalaya	Rangeli	6
293	Morang	Shree Public S.S	Rangeli	3
		Shree Purba Gyan Prarambhik		
294	Morang	Bal Bikas Kendra	Sanischare	1
295	Morang	Shree Radhakrishna Mandir	Mathigachha	3
296	Morang	Shree Radhika P.S.	Urlabari	4
		Shree Rajbansi Samaj Sewa		
297	Morang	Samiti	Mathigachha	2
		Shree Ram Janaki P.S.		
298	Morang	Management Committi	Mathigachha	2
299	Morang	Shree Ram Janki P.S.	Takuwa	1
		Shree Ramajanaki P.S.		
300	Morang	Management Committi	Majare	1
301	Morang	Shree Ramjanaki Mandir	Majare	8
302	Morang	Shree Ramjanki P.S.	Hasandaha	8
		Shree Ramjanki Prarambhik Bal		
303	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Amardaha	9
		Shree S.S. Management		
304	Morang	Committi	Takuwa	9
305	Morang	Shree Sahid Ram Smriti Club	Baradhanga	7
306	Morang	Shree Sahid Ramlaxman P.S.	Hasandaha	3
		Shree Samajik Prathamik		
307	Morang	Bidyalaya	Pathari	5
		Shree Santhal P.S. Management		
308	Morang	Committi	Mathigachha	9
		Shree Sarada Myaching Fund		
309	Morang	Samiti	Sorabhag	3
310	Morang	Shree Sarada Samudayik P.S.	Sorabhag	3
		Shree Saraswoti Bal Bikas		_
311	Morang	†	Mathigachha	3
312	Morang	Shree Saraswoti Lo.Se.S.	Darbesa	7
313	Morang	Shree Saraswoti P.S.	Amardaha	8
		Shree Saraswoti Prarambhik Bal		_
314	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Babiya Birta	3
21.5	3.6	Shree Saraswoti Prarambhik Bal		
315	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Amagachhi	9
215	3.4	Shree Saraswoti Prarambhik Bal	TD 1	0
316	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Takuwa	8
217	<b>M</b> -	Shree Saraswoti Prarambhik Bal	Mataua	1
317	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Majare	1
318	Morang	Shree Saraswoti Samudayik P.S.	Sorabhag	7
319	Morang	Shree Saraswoti Samudayik S.S.	Dadar Bairiya	6

320	Morang	Shree Sarbajanik Club	Gobindapur	3
321	Morang	Shree Sarbajanik Lo.Se.S.	Gobindapur	2
		Shree Sayapatri Prarambhik	•	
322	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Urlabari	7
323	Morang	Shree Sidhartha Jagriti Club	Sorabhag	6
324	Morang	Shree Sikchha Sadan P.S.	Hasandaha	6
		Shree Sisu Bikas Upabhokta		
325	Morang	Samiti	Mahadeba	3
		Shree Sisu Bikas Upabhokta		
326	Morang	Samiti	Mahadeba	3
327	Morang	Shree Sivasakti Samudayik S.S.	Sorabhag	6
328	Morang	Shree Srijana Bal Bikas Kendra	Itahari	4
329	Morang	Shree Sungahat Lo. Se.S.	Hasandaha	5
330	Morang	Shree Upahar Bal Bikas Kendra	Urlabari	7
		Shree Yektara P.S. Management		
331	Morang	Committi	Dadar Bairiya	5
332	Morang	Sisu Sewa Samuha	Takuwa	3
333	Morang	Sital Yuba Charpate Club	Rangeli	7
334	Morang	Srijana Mahila Samaj	Urlabari	6
		Srijana Prarambhik Bal Bikas		
335	Morang	Kendra	Itahari	4
336	Morang	Srijasil Upabhokta Samiti	Hasandaha	5
337	Morang	Sunakhari Bal Bikas Kendra	Pathari	1
338	Morang	Sunbarsi Mahila Bachat Samuha	Gobindapur	4
		Sunbarsi Pokhari Samrakchhan		
339	Morang	Samiti	Gobindapur	4
340	Morang	Sunkhari P.S.	Pathari	1
341	Morang	Sunrise Youth Club	Mahadeba	4
		Suryodaya Prarambhik Bal		
342	Morang	Bikas Kendra	Baradhanga	9
343	Morang	Suryodaya Upabhokta Samiti	Gobindapur	8
344	Morang	Swayam Sebak Kendra	Urlabari	6
345	Morang	Sweta Bal Bikas Kendra	Darbesa	8
346	Morang	Tha Reyukai Nepal	Amardaha	1
		Timtime Bahudesiya Sahakari		
347	Morang	Sastha	Itahari	1
		Tribhuvan S.S.Management		
348	Morang	Committi	Babiya Birta	1
349	Morang	Upabhokta Samiti	Gobindapur	7
350	Morang	Vdc	Budhanagar	1
351	Morang	Vdc	Mathigachha	2
352	Morang	Vdc	Majare	3
353	Morang	Vdc	Pokhariya	4

354	Morang	Vdc	Sisabani Jahada	4
355	Morang	Yuba Bikas Samaj	Majare	3
356	Morang	Yuba Khelkud Bikas Samiti	Pokhariya	3

Table 5 Lists of CBOs in Rautahat district

S.N.	District	Name of organization	VDC	Ward no.
1	D 41.4	Bal Tatha Mahila Sarwangin Bikas	C II D · ·	
1	Rautahat		Garudha Bairima	6
2	Doutobot	Batabaran Janaswasthya Tatha Bal Bikas Kendra	Dipahi	5
3			Geddhi Guthi	3
4		Bidyalaya Byabasthapan Samiti Bidyalaya Gunasthar Bikas Lo.Se.S.	Mithuawa	N.A.
5		Bidyalaya Nirman Samiti	Mithuawa	7
6		Bikas Ka Lagi Janasakti Nepal	Santapur	3
7		Bikas Ka Lagi Sathiharu Nepal (NGO- District Level)	Chandra Nigahapur	1
8	Rautahat	Gramin Bikas Kendra (Rudec- Ngo District Level)	Garudha Bairima	N.A.
9	Rautahat	Gramin Bikas Prabatan Kendra	Madanpur	1
10	Rautahat	Gramin Bikas Programm Nepal	Samanpur	3
11	Rautahat	Gramin Janajati Tatha Bal Bikas Karyakram	Laukaha	2
12	Rautahat	Gramin Khanepani Tatha Sarsaphai Janachetna Prabardan Samaj Nepal (RUSYAK)- (NGO District Level)	Chandra Nigahapur	1
13	Rautahat	Gramin Utthan Abhiyan (Ngo District Level)	Haraiya	2
14	Rautahat	Gyan Jyoti Prarambhik Bal Bikas Kendra	Geddhi Guthi	1
15	Rautahat	Health Post	Geddhi Guthi	3
16	Rautahat	Jana Jagaran Yuba Club	Dharampur	3
17	Rautahat	Jaya Shree Ram Club	Jayanagar	2
18	Rautahat	Khane Pani Tatha Sarsafai Upabhog Samiti	Geddhi Guthi	3
19	Rautahat	Khanepani Sarsaphai Byabasthapan Samiti	Madhopur	1
20	Rautahat	Khanepani Upabhokta Samiti	Jayanagar	4
21	Rautahat	Lali Guras Yuba Club	Judhibela	4
22	Rautahat	Mahila Bikas Sakha Jagriti	Madhopur	3
23	Rautahat	Manab Bikas Ayojana Karyakram	Dharhari	9
24	Rautahat	Manab Sasaktikaran Kendra	Sakhuawa	5
25	Rautahat	Manab Sasaktikaran Kendra	Santapur	3

26	Rautahat Manab Utthan Samaj	Mithuawa	7
	Nandu Dugdha Uttpadak Sahaka	ri	
27	Rautahat Sastha	Dharhari	9
28	Rautahat Nawa Dibya Bal Bikas Kendra	Geddhi Guthi	6
29	Rautahat Naya Kalsh Mahila Samuha	Madhopur	7
30	Rautahat Nepal Bikas Kendra	Sakhuawa	7
31	Rautahat Nepal Bikas Parisad	Mithuawa	9
32	Rautahat Pran (Ngo District Level)	Garudha Bairima	9
33	Rautahat Pulendra Yuba Club	Dharhari	N.A.
34	Rautahat Rastiya Bal Bachau Sangathan N	Nepal Bhediyahi	3
35	Rautahat Samaj Bikas Karyakram Nepal	Jetharahiya	8
36	Rautahat Samaj Sewa Karyakram	Sakhuawa	5
37	Rautahat Samaj Sewa Parisadh	Prempur Gonahi	7
38	Rautahat Samaj Sudhar Mancha	Mithuawa	N.A.
39	Rautahat Samudayik Bikas Antar Samuha	Geddhi Guthi	6
40	Rautahat Samudayik Prasaran Sewa Kend	ra Jetharahiya	6
41	Rautahat Samudayik Sikchha Srot Kendra	Judhibela	8
42	Rautahat Santosi Jana Kalyan Kendra	Geddhi Guthi	7
43	Rautahat Seve Nepal	Dharhari	9
	Seve The Investment Of Nepal -	(NGO	
44	Rautahat District Level)	Chandra Nigahapur	1
45	Rautahat Shree Amarpatti P.S.	Pothiyahi	8
46	Rautahat Shree Bal Kalyan P.S	Santapur	1
47	Rautahat Shree Basanta P.S.	Santapur	4
	Shree Bhagawati P.S.Chilmiliya		
48	Rautahat Bhawan Nirman Samiti	Bariyarpur	6
49	Rautahat Shree Dalit Bikas Kendra	Bariyarpur	5
50	Rautahat Shree Dalit Janajagaran P.S.	Santapur	7
51	Rautahat Shree Dalit Kalyan Samuha	Mithuawa	6
52	Rautahat Shree Dalit Sisu Bikas Kendra	Madhopur	5
53	Rautahat Shree Devi Lo.Se.S.	Sakhuawa	N.A.
54	Rautahat Shree Dipjyoti P.S.	Paurai	9
55	Rautahat Shree Gramin Utthan Kendra	Bariyarpur	3
	Shree Hari Krishna Dudh Uttpac	lak	
56	Rautahat Sahakari Sastha	Jayanagar	2
57	Rautahat Shree Jagadamba Nawa Ubak C	lub Jetharahiya	3
58	Rautahat Shree Jagadamba P.S.	Jetharahiya	9
- 50	ĕ	o e triar arri y a	

		Shree Jana Chetna Samajsebi Yuba		
60	Rautahat	•	Dipahi	5
61	Rautahat	Shree Jana Chetna Yuba Club	Geddhi Guthi	5
62	Rautahat	Shree Jana Jagaran Yuba Club	Bhediyahi	1
63	Rautahat	Shree Jana Jagriti Youth Club	Jayanagar	3
64	Rautahat	Shree Jana Kalyan Yuba Club	Sakhuawa	2
65	Rautahat	Shree Jana Kalyan Yuba Samiti	Samanpur	8
66	Rautahat	Shree Jana Sewa Youth Club	Madhopur	5
67	Rautahat	Shree Jana Sikya Bal Club	Geddhi Guthi	9
68	Rautahat	Shree Janahit P.S.	Judhibela	1
69	Rautahat	Shree Janata P.S.	Paurai	6
70	Rautahat	Shree Jaya Kisan S.S.Nirman Samiti	Dharhari	8
71	Rautahat	Shree Jayama Baisnabi Yuba Club	Prempur Gonahi	4
72	Rautahat	Shree Jyoiti Kisan Samuha	Laukaha	3
73	Rautahat	Shree Jyoti Mahila Samuha	Madhopur	8
74	Rautahat	Shree Krisak Samuha P.S.	Judhibela	9
75	Rautahat	Shree Lo.Se.S.	Prempur Gonahi	4
76	Rautahat	Shree Lo.Se.S.	Judhibela	2
77	Rautahat	Shree Lo.Se.S. Management Committi	Jetharahiya	2
78	l		Madhopur	3
79	Rautahat	Shree Mahendra Se.S.	Paurai	7
80	Rautahat	Shree New Jana Sewa Nepal	Sakhuawa	9
81	Rautahat	Shree P.S	Pothiyahi	4
82	Rautahat	Shree P.S	Dipahi	5
83	Rautahat	Shree P.S	Mithuawa	9
		Shree P.S. Bhawan Nirman Upabhokta		
84	Rautahat	Samiti	Jayanagar	1
85	Rautahat	Shree P.S. Byabasthapan Samiti	Jayanagar	4
86	Rautahat	Shree P.S.Dhobiniya	Bariyarpur	4
87	Rautahat	Shree Pothiyahi P.S.	Pothiyahi	5
88	Rautahat	Shree Pragati Yuba Club	Sakhuawa	N.A.
89	Rautahat	Shree Prarambhik Bal Bikas Kendra	Jayanagar	9
90	Rautahat	Shree Prathamik Biddyalaya	Paurai	3
91	Rautahat	Shree Ramjanaki P.S	Dipahi	2
92	Rautahat	Shree Samaj Sewa Yuba Club	Dharampur	5
93	Rautahat	Shree Samudaya Ma Adharit Samaj Sewa Kendra	Bariyarpur	6

94	Rautahat	Shree Samudayik Bal Pragati Kendra	Sakhuawa	5
95	Rautahat	Shree Samudayik Bikas Kendra Nepal	Geddhi Guthi	6
96	Rautahat	Shree Santa Kabir Sewasram	Jetharahiya	6
97	Rautahat	Shree Saraswoti Club	Jetharahiya	7
		Shree Saraswoti M.S. Byabnasthapan		
98	Rautahat	Samiti	Bariyarpur	6
99	Rautahat	Shree Saraswoti Mahila Samuha	Bariyarpur	6
100	Rautahat	Shree Sarbanam Natthya Samuha	Dipahi	7
101	Rautahat	Shree Sisu Bikas Kendra	Mithuawa	6
102	Rautahat	Shree Sisu Kalyan P.S	Paurai	8
103	Rautahat	Shree Siva Sakti Janamukhi Youth Club	Jayanagar	1
104	Rautahat	Shree Srijana Mahila Samiti	Madhopur	4
105	Rautahat	Shree Srijanatmak Youth Club	Bariyarpur	5
106	Rautahat	Shree Suryodaya Bal Club	Jayanagar	5
107	Rautahat	Social Development Programm	Bhediyahi	5
108	Rautahat	Srijana Bal Bikas Kendra	Jayanagar	1
109	Rautahat	Suryo Jyoti Yuba Club	Paurai	8
		Suryodaya Prarambhik Bal Bikas		
110	Rautahat	Kendra	Geddhi Guthi	4
	Radianat			
111		Suryodaya Yuba Club	Geddhi Guthi	7

Table 6 Lists of CBOs in Sunsari district

S.N.	District	Name of organization	VDC	Ward no.
1	Sunsari	Adarsha Pra. Bal Bikas Kendra	Purba Kusaha	6
2	Sunsari	Adarsha Yuba Club	Haringara	5
3	Sunsari	Amabari Pra. Bal Bikas Kendra	Devanganja	1
4	Sunsari	Ananda Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Chimadi	6
5	Sunsari	Arati Mahila Samudaya Sastha	Tanmuna	1
6	Sunsari	Bahudesiya Gramin Bikas Kendra	Devanganja	8
7	Sunsari	Bahudesiya Samudayik Bikas Kendra	Madyadarsahi	8
8	Sunsari	Basanta Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Duhabi	6
9	Sunsari	Chandramukhi Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Devanganja	6
10	Sunsari	Chetna Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Chhitaha	6
11	Sunsari	Dehayani Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Sahebganj	8
12	Sunsari	Devi Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Purba Kusaha	9
13	Sunsari	Dip Jyoti Youth Club	Bhaluwa	7
14	Sunsari	Gautam Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Gautampur	2
15	Sunsari	Gautam Samaj Utthan Kendra	Gautampur	9
16	Sunsari	Golden Star Youth Club	Bhaluwa	3
17	Sunsari	Gramin Bahudesiya Bikas Samaj (Rudes)	Babiya	4
18	Sunsari	Gramin Batawaran Janasamudaya Kendra	Haringara	5
19	Sunsari	Gramin Jana Chetna Kendra	Babiya	8
20	Sunsari	Gramin Samaj Utthan Samiti	Chhitaha	8
21	Sunsari	Gramin Samudayik Bikas Tatha Utthan Samiti	Aurawani	9
22	Sunsari	Gulab Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Chhitaha	9
23	Sunsari	Health Post Management Committi	Rajganja Sinubari	3
24	Sunsari	Health Post Management Committi	Amahi Belha	1
25	Sunsari	Health Post Management Committi	Chimadi	2
26	Sunsari	Jagaran Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Chhitaha	4
27	Sunsari	Jagriti Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Aurawani	9
28	Sunsari	Jana Jyoti Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Haringara	9
29	Sunsari	Jana Sachetna Sarokar Kendra	Babiya	1
30	Sunsari	Janaki Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Purba Kusaha	6
31	Sunsari	Jiwan Jyoti Manaw Sarokar Sastha	Tanmuna	5

32	Sunsari	Kalyan Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Purba Kusaha	1
33	Sunsari	Kamana Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Chhitaha	6
34	Sunsari	Kanchanjanga Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Gautampur	9
35	Sunsari	Kopila Pr.S.Bikas Kendra	Saterjhora	5
36	Sunsari	Laxmi Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Chimadi	4
37	Sunsari	Mahes Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Rajganja Sinubari	6
38	Sunsari	Mahila Bikash Samiti	Bhaluwa	9
39	Sunsari	Mahila Bikash Samudayik Sewa	Tanmuna	4
40	Sunsari	Makalu Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Gautampur	5
41	Sunsari	Manab Bikas Sewa Kendra	Jalpapur	2
42	Sunsari	Manabiya Bikas Ra Batabaran Ka Lagi Samajik Sastha	Chhitaha	3
43	Sunsari	Manaslu Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Jalpapur	2
44	Sunsari	Milan Bikas Samaj Kendra	Devanganja	1
45	Sunsari	Nawa Jyoti Samaj Sewa Samiti	Purba Kusaha	4
46	Sunsari	Nawa Jyoti Samaj Utthan Kendra	Jalpapur	9
47	Sunsari	Nawajagriti P.S. Bikas Kendra	Saterjhora	9
48	Sunsari	Nepal Rastiya Ma.Bi. Byabasthapan Samiti	Amahi Belha	2
49	Sunsari	New Everest Youth Club	Babiya	9
50	Sunsari	New Rastiya Yuba Jagriti Club	Saterjhora	3
51	Sunsari	Pasupati Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Chhitaha	8
52	Sunsari	Phulbari Pra. Bal Bikas Kendra	Devanganja	3
53	Sunsari	Pipal Pra.S. Bikas Kendra	Gautampur	8
54	Sunsari	Pragati Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Madyadarsahi	9
55	Sunsari	Pragatisil Samj Nirman Kendra	Saterjhora	3
56	Sunsari	Pragatisil Samj Nirman Kendra	Saterjhora	1
57	Sunsari	Prativa Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Kahanganj	4
58	Sunsari	Rastiya Prathamik Bal Bikas Kendra	Saterjhora	9
59	Sunsari	Rastiya Yuba Jagriti Club	Saterjhora	3
60	Sunsari	Rastiya Yuba Janachetna Club	Saterjhora	2
61	Sunsari	Sahara Samaj Bikas Kendra	Jalpapur	7
62	Sunsari	Samaj Jana Jagaran Youth Club	Babiya	3
63	Sunsari	Samaj Sewa Samiti	Bhaluwa	6
64	Sunsari	Samudayik Samj Utthan Kendra	Devanganja	1
65	Sunsari	Sangharsa Nepal	Tanmuna	4
66	Sunsari	Santi Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Purba Kusaha	6

67	Sunsari	Saraswoti Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Devanganja	3
68	Sunsari	Saraswoti Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Bhaluwa	2
69	Sunsari	Sarswoti Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Chimadi	4
70	Sunsari	Sarvis Youth Club	Aurawani	4
71	Sunsari	Sarwangin Bikas Kendra	Devanganja	8
72	Sunsari	Satkar Pra.S. Bal Bikas Kendra	Jalpapur	3
73	Sunsari	Shree Bahudesiya Gramin Bikas Kendra	Rajganja Sinubari	6
74	Sunsari	Shree Bihani Samaj Bikas Kendra	Haringara	2
75	Sunsari	Shree Chandra Mukhi Club	Chimadi	6
76	Sunsari	Shree Gautam Sewa Kendra	Gautampur	5
77	Sunsari	Shree Gramin Jana Samudaya Kendra	Gautampur	9
78	Sunsari	Shree Himal Pra. Bal Bikas Kendra	Purba Kusaha	6
79	Sunsari	Shree Indreni Jankalyan Samaj	Amahi Belha	1
80	Sunsari	Shree Jana Chettna Upabhokta Samiti	Chhitaha	3
81	Sunsari	Shree Jana Jyoti Yuba Club	Haringara	3
82	Sunsari	Shree Kopila Samudayik Samuh	Saterjhora	5
83	Sunsari	Shree Nawa Jagriti Samaj Utthan Club	Chhitaha	8
84	Sunsari	Shree Nawa Youth Club	Aurawani	9
85	Sunsari	Shree Nepal Bal Abam Mahila Adhikar Manch	Chhitaha	3
86	Sunsari	Shree Pragati Samaj Sewa Kendra	Haringara	2
87	Sunsari	Shree Radha Krishna Samaj Sewa Samiti	Aurawani	8
88	Sunsari	Shree Ram Janaki Youth Club	Aurawani	6
89	Sunsari	Shree Rastiya Adharsa Yuba Club	Rajganja Sinubari	4
90	Sunsari	Shree Samaj Sewa Samiti	Amahi Belha	8
91	Sunsari	Shree Sarada Yuba Club	Ramganj Belagachhiya	3
92	Sunsari	Shree Saraswoti Bal Samuha	Jalpapur	2
93	Sunsari	Shree Saraswoti Youth Club	Aurawani	7
94	Sunsari	Shree Suryamukhi Yuba Club	Rajganja Sinubari	7
95	Sunsari	Shree Swabalamban Bikas Kendra	Chimadi	4
96	Sunsari	Shree Than Saskritik Toli	Aurawani	9
97	Sunsari	Sikhar Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Purba Kusaha	7
98	Sunsari	Simariya Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Simariya	3

99	Sunsari	Srijana Mahila Sastha	Tanmuna	7
100	Sunsari	Srijana Yuba Club	Purba Kusaha	5
101	Sunsari	Sunaulo P.S. Bikas Kendra	Chhitaha	8
102	Sunsari	Suryamukhi Pra.Bal Bikas Kendra	Devanganja	5
103	Sunsari	Tablig Nrdsc Mahila Kendra	Sonapur	7
104	Sunsari	Yojana Upabhokta Samiti	Gautampur	9